Peking Heightens Criticism of U.S. On Taiwan Arms

By Michael Parks Los Angeles Times Service

PEKING — China angrily accused the United States on Tuesday of selling arms to Taiwan in order to prevent the island's reuni-fication with the mainland and thus to keep it as "an unsinkable American aircraft carrier" in the Far East.

In a lengthy analysis of the growing crisis in Chinese-American relations. Peking made clear that its opposition to the contin-ued U.S. sale of weapons to Taiwan was based primarily on its fear that it will never recover the island unless Washington ends its protection of the Chinese Nationalists who hold it.

"The United States is clearly taking a stand to block the return of Taiwan to the embrace of the motherland," declared an authoritative commentary in the Communist Party newspaper People's Daily. It said this is why Peking has been so adamant in insisting on an end to the arms sales, which it described as an infringement on China's sovereignty and interference in its internal affairs.

"China's modern history is essentially a record of the Chinese people's struggle to safeguard its independence and sovereignty and fight against foreign intervention," the commentary said. "This long, drawn-out struggle cost the Chi-nese people courtless lives and untold suffering. The liberated new China will not tolerate any encroachment upon its sovereignty, and for this reason opposes foreign arms sales to Taiwan.

Top-Level Thinking

The article was signed by a "special commentator" and was published by the People's Daily in advance of its appearance in the authoritative journal of international studies - all signs that it represents top-level thinking on the crisis in relations with the United

but it also appeared to be more than simply another outline of China's views: In its detailed ticularly on the arms question and the downgrading of ties with the over what it sells to Taiwan.

United States over new weapons

Relations between China and the United States are now at a crossroads," the commentary declared. "China on its part is work-ing for the best possible prospects and at the same time is prepared for things to get worse."

Deng Xiaoping, the Communist Party vice chairman who is recog-nized as China's top leader, warned again Tuesday that Peking is prepared to downgrade relations with the United States rather than accept continued U.S. arms sales

Pending Review

Mr. Deng told the visiting former British prime minister, Ed-ward Heath, that the United States must adhere to its recognition of the Communist regime here as China's sole legal government and Taiwan as a part of China and stop selling weapons to the Chinese Nationalists or Chinese-American relations would deter-

"Obviously, it has become a pretty

The Reagan administration has been planning to put forward for congressional review a \$60-million sale of military spare parts to Taiwan. It will probably submit it within a few days, and this could touch off the "downgrading" that Chinese officials have warned

"We are moving toward the crisis," one informed Chinese official over the weekend. "There seems to be no immediate way to avoid the confrontation."

The commentary, however, reiterated China's willingness to discuss the arms sale question in the context of overall relations with the United States, but its terms for a compromise still appear to be too tough for the Reagan administration to accept.

chronicling of developments in re- amounts and length of time the Reagan administration has main-

Poles, Western Banks Reschedule 1981 Debt

By Donald Nordberg

FRANKFURT -- Poland signed an agreement Tuesday to reschedule \$2.4 billion that it owed Western banks last year, clearing the way for early negotiations on its 1982 commercial debts.

The signing, three months late, ended nearly a year of delicate negotiations to prevent a loan default and give Warsaw a breathing space on its total Western debts of \$26 billion. The negotiations to defer

A Polish ski resort finds the going uphill under martial law. Page 3.

repayments were interrupted by the declaration of martial law in

While the accord clears a major OR MOR cial affairs with the West, bankers obstacle in Poland's tangled finan-Said several more hurdles lie ahead, including the \$10.4 billion

falling due for repayment to gov-ernments and banks this year. Dresdner Bank, the West German bank serving as international agent for the 1981 rescheduling, said in a brief statement after the signing that negotiations on Polish debt due to banks this year should

15)F)5E AF

countries, under pressure from the United States, said they would not begin as soon as possible. negotiate on rescheduling the debt But the statement spoke of resdue this year as long as Poland was cheduling only the principal amount due leaving Poland the under a state of emergency following the military crackdown on libtask of finding all the necessary ineral elements.

terest payments. The agreement was signed for Poland by Deputy Finance Minister Witold Bien, the president of the Handlowy Foreign Trade Bank, Marian Minkiewicz, and representatives of 20 banks.

Seven-Year Dolay

The agreement delays for seven years repayment of some 95 per-cent of the money Poland owed to about 500 Western banks in the last nine months of 1981. The remaining 5 percent, some \$126 million, will have to be paid back this year, in three instalments due on May 15, Aug. 15 and Nov. 15. The interest rate on the rescheduling has been set at 1.75 percent over the London interbank offered rate. Bankers said Poland would have to meet the interest payments due this year on the amount rescheduled, which will come to more than \$50 million, and must pay the banks a fee of \$24 million for the rescheduling agreement itself.

iorate sharply.

"There is no doubt about the depth of the feeling," Mr. Heath said of Mr. Deng's comments. crucial situation."

What China has been proposing is an agreed limit on the types, to stay indoors had been modified, and that islanders were now going outdoors. Penalties remained for lations over the past decade, par- arms sales would continue, but the related issues, it appeared to be tained, at least publicly, that it preparing the Chinese public for cannot agree to a veto for Peking

Polish managed to make up its

At the time martial law was de-

clared in Poland on Dec. 13, Po-

about \$500 million in interest due

for 1981, but gradually whittled

down the sum over the last four

The 20 banks represented at the

While banks are prepared to ne-

Some Frankfurt bankers say

they sense that the attitudes of

some Western governments to-wards the Polish debt issue are

now softening, and that Washing-

ton has been urged to relent.

In recent article published in Warsaw, a leading polish economist forecast that Poland's debts

to the West could almost double in

the next four years as a result of

rescheduling agreements like the

one signed Tuesday and hoped-for

The forecast, made by Zygmunt

gotiate, the prospects for future delays on repayment of govern-ment-guaranteed debt remain an

open question, bankers said. In early January major Western

signing were the members of the

arrears from last year.

ern creditors.

the Argentine flag.

The seizure of the islands has struck a note of pride among Argentines amid a frustrating political and economic situation. The military has ruled Argentina for six years. The country is in a deep recession, unemployment is rising and inflation is about 150 percent

But referring to popular support for the seizure of the islands, former Foreign Minister Oscar Cami-For the Polish economy, keeping up with these payments will be difficult, and bankers said that it was lion said Monday, "From the point of view of discontent with the economy, the islands mean only with the material and finan-

BUENOS AIRES — Argentine opposition leaders say that although they support the military

wernment's seizure of the Falk-

land Islands, their discontent with

Political and labor leaders op-posed to the government have said they are prepared to join in a war with Britain if necessary, but in in-

terviews and public statements

they have made clear that opposi-

tion to military rule remains and pressure for elections will resume

when the crisis over the Falklands

The country has not mobilized

for war, although the military is on full alert and hospitals in the sea-

side resort of Mar del Plata, 300

miles (480 kilometers) south of

here are being prepared to take

Monday that an edict issued Satur-

day night that closed stores on the

Falklands and required all people

such acts as showing disrespect to

Foreign Ministry officials said

the junta has not been reduced.

cial aid of the Soviet Union that Angel Robledo, the closest thing to a grand old man in the Peronist Party, the country's largest, said, "Undoubtedly the military is more land still owed Western banks

stable than it was a week ago."
But he added, "I don't think this is sufficient to reverse the frustration and opposition that the majority of Argentines have felt." said, "our limit for elections is 1984."

task force which worked out de-While the Argentine foreign minister, Nicanor Costa Mendez, tails on behalf of the other Westmet in Washington with the Or-So far no payments on any of the \$10.4 billion in debt due this met in Washington with the Or-ganization of American States and high-ranking U.S. officials, offi-cials in Buenos Aires appeared to be basing their hope of keeping the islands on U.S. mediation and pressure against British militancy. year have been met, the bankers said. Last month a Polish newspaper said the country could only meet \$2.2 billion from its own re-U.S. Pressure

Interior Minister Alfredo Saint-Jean, who was scheduled to fly to the islands Wednesday to swear in the military governor for what Argentina has designated its 23d

Say Discontent Remains Strong one cannot think of a decision" by Britain to retake the Falklands by force. Mr. Saint-Jean also expressed confidence that Argentina would be backed strongly by the Latin members of the OAS.

Francis Pym, the new British foreign secretary, leaving a Cabinet meeting Tuesday.

Opposition Leaders in Argentina

Argentine officials have appealed for regional support by arguing that the seizure of the is-

control and by frequently invoking the Rio Treaty, which commits Latin American nations and the United States to consult in the event that one of them is attacked. So far, however, the government clearly has been disappointed by

lands represented a reversal of nearly 150 years of British colonial

Thatcher Refuses to Quit **Amid Row on Falklands**

LONDON - Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher emphatically refused to resign Tuesday as her government took a political and economic battering over the Falk-

She also announced she was banning all Argentine imports, thus tightening the economic noose Britain is attempting to put around Argentina for its seizure Friday of the islands.

In pressing its economic attack, Britain received an encouraging initial response in Brussels from its European Common Market partners to requests for economic sanctions against Argentina, diplomatic sources said Tuesday. The requests, raised at a meeting

EEC ambassadors, included oans on key imports of Argentine goods, on sales of military equip-ment to Argentina, and on future export credits to Buenos Aires. The ambassadors will meet Wednesday to discuss the legal basis for any moves to limit the \$4 billion worth of annual trade between the two sides.

Meanwhile, authoritative West German government sources said a 4-billion-Deutsche mark (\$1.6-billion) sale of submarines and patrol boats to Argentina was being held up for review. The Netherlands also announced plans to block the sale of military technology to Ar-Mrs. Thatcher, asked by Labor

Party members of Parliament to resign, said, "No. Now is the time

The government was shaken Monday by the resignation of For-Secretary Lord Carrington and his top two ministers at the Foreign Office. They accepted re-sponsibility for what Lord Carrington called a humiliating affront

Francis Pym, who was named to

The Falklands crisis dragged the British pound to a 4½-year low against the dollar, and London stocks declined again. Page 7. replace Lord Carrington, himself

came under fire Tuesday. John Gilbert, a former Labor minister. accused him of misleading Parliament last Friday when Mr. Pym said the government still had no word of the Argentine takeover. Mr. Gilbert said he was at NATO headquarters in Brussels at

the same time and learned from a Defense Ministry report from London that Argentine forces had usaen over the Falklands. As the political storm gathered over Mrs. Thatcher, the assault ship Fearless sailed from Britain to

join the 36-vessel naval force head-ed for the Falklands. It is the big-gest fleet Britain has assembled since World War II. Argentine forces stormed ashore last Friday to take the Falklands, a British colony since 1833 that Ar-gentina also claims. Argentina since has sent reinforcements to

back the invasion forces. Official sources in Argentina said civil defense committees in were preparing for possible attack by the British fleet. But a radio station in Buenos Aires assured lis-teners on Tuesday there was no need to worry about a possible British naval bombardment of the capital or other coastal towns.

It said any British attack on the

mainland would allow the government to invoke a 1947 pan-American treaty providing for collective self-defense should any signatory be attacked by a non-treaty mem-

> [Following a meeting with officials from the Foreign Relations Ministry. Interior Minister Gen. Alfredo Saint-Jean told journalists that "the coming hours are hours of negotiation, but they may also be hard hours requiring tempered firmness, and we have that," The Associated Press reported from Buenos Aires. He also said if the Falklands are attacked by Britain, we will defend our territory at any cost."

With the potential for armed conflict between the two countries increasing, a growing number o British citizens were preparing to leave Argentina on Tuesday.

In the first significant sign of anti-British feeling since the seizure of the Falklands, an anony mous telephone caller warned the English-language Buenos Aires Herald on Monday night that "for each British soldier that comes ashore, three British citizens will The Foreign Ministry instructed

Argentine nationals Monday not (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Galtieri: In Triumph, a Few Echoes of Peron

By Edward Schumacher New York Times Service

BUENOS AIRES - As he stood on the balcony of the pink presi-dential palace, tens of thousands delirious Argentines below chanted his name.

Lt. Gen. Leopoldo Fortunato Galtieri, the president of Argentina, beamed back and, in a pondigesture, turned from side to side, presenting himself with hands outspread to the crowd.

The scene Friday in the Plaza de Mayo as the crowd celebrated Argentina's seizure of the Falkland Islands was awesome. It was reminiscent of another time and another man, Gen. Juan Domingo Perón, who with his wife, Eva, filled that same plaza with admirers 30 years ago.

As if on cue, Julio Romero, a former Peronist governor of the province of Corrientes, returned from two years in exile in Paraguay on Sunday and praised Gen. Galtieri as a man who could unite the "armed forces and people as Juan Perón did." Political leaders here say it is an

exaggeration, but most agree that Gen. Galtieri, in leading the country into a moment of national glo-. has greatly enhanced his politil power and future. Gen. Galueri, 55, assumed the

presidency in December in a palace coup that overthrew his former retired general. Gen. Galtieri has retained the post of army com-mander in chief until at least his scheduled retirement at the end of the year, although his presidential term does not end until 1984. The three-man junta of army, air force and navy chiefs is the final arbiter of power, but as both army chief and president Gen. Galtieri is

He was born July 15, 1926, into working-class family in Caseros

of three children. After attending the Argentine off the invasion of the Falklands.

military academy, where he studied civil engineering, he moved steadily up through the system of military posts and schools. In 1960 he spent six months at Fort Belvoir. Va.. in an advanced course for army engineers. Gen. Galtieri was active in the

military's campaign against leftist guerrillas in the mid-1970s. He tions, which resulted in the disappearance of more than 6,000 peoole, though it is unclear what role a sophisticated analyst, preferring to see the world about him in

black and white, and making quick decisions. But since taking power he has displayed a shrewdness that has surprised both friends and

Despite his strong pro-American

The success of the seizure has for the moment also diverted peo-

The president's closest advisers and friends are military men, but he has been reaching out to civilian political leaders, raising speculation that he aspires to be, like

military one. Angel Robledo, a Peronist party leader who was close to Perón, he had in the disappearances.

Opposition leaders say he is not day in an interview. "A Perón is the result of the circumstances coming together with the man," he said, "and this isn't the moment."

The people want the military out, he said, but he grudgingly conceded that admiration of Gen. Galtieri has been rising since the seizure of the Falklands



U.S. Experts Say British Navy Would Have Edge in Fight

By George C. Wilson

WASHINGTON - Argentina and Britain are going into a mili-tary confrontation over the Falkland Islands like two blindfolded boxers, according to U.S. naval ex-

Argentina has the advantage, in boxing terms, of the longer reach, they said Monday, while Britain stands the best chance of shaking off its blindfold and landing letha

punches, given enough time.

Argentina's longer reach comes
mainly from U.S.-built A-4
Skyhawk fighter-bombers that can take 3,000 pounds (1,360 kilograms) of bombs 700 miles (1,120 kilometers) and return either to the nation's single aircraft carrier or to

Although the two British aircraft carriers being sent to the Falklands — the Invincible and gentina has designated its 23d the Hermes — are carrying the province, told reporters here Mon-more modern Harrier jump-jets,

those planes have a combat radius ed with bombs. So the single Argentine carrier, The 25th of May, could stay out of bombing range of the Harriers while launching A-4 Skyhawks against British ships.

Double Advantage

This longer reach provided by the A-4s would be doubly advantageous if the Argentine military equips the airfield at Stanley, East Falkland, to handle attack planes. The A-4s then could attack the British flotilla from the Falklands, from the sea, and perhaps even from the Argentine mainland, depending on how close the ships come to land.

The Argentine Navy has 14 A-4 Skyhawks aboard its carrier and 68 on land under air force control. The air force also is believed to have nine Canberra bombers and 21 Mirage-3 fighters for aerial dog-

to sink or disable the British carriers, it would end the Royal Navy's chances of reversing the Falklands takeover, U.S. naval experts agreed. But the British are more experienced than the Argentines at hiding their ships from hunter aircraft, the experts emphasized.

"The real key is experience," said one of the U.S. Navy's most respected sea dogs, Adm. I.C. Kidd. a former commander of the Atlantic Fleet who retired in 1978 after a long acquaintance with British and Argentine naval lead-ers. "You've got to find what you're looking for; you've got to get those eyes out in front because it isn't easy to find ships on the ocean. The question becomes, what does each side have to find the other? Here, the experts said, the ad-

antage swings to the British, especially if they do as expected and fly the Nimrod, their equivalent of

planes could help guard the British task force and perhaps find Argen-tine ships and submarines. Adm. Kidd acknowledged that

the British would be trying to op-erate at the end of a 7,500-milelong umbilical cord — the distance between Britain and the Falklands - and that operating from Ascension would only cut that distance in half.

Better Eyes and Ears

Even so, he said, "on the basis of operational experience, the British Navy is in a different category from the Argentine Navy. But he said the risks for both are so high that if he were involved, "I'd be praying for a breakthrough in di-plomacy."

Although the Argentine Navy has some anti-submarine warfare capability, the British have the betthe U.S. AWACS radar plane, to ter eyes and ears in that depart-

If the Argentine planes managed their South Atlantic island of As-ment, too, as well as more sophistiface ships. Retired Adm. Elmo R. Zumwalt

Jr., chief of naval operations from 1970 to 1974, said Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher risks a debacle if she opts for war. But he put the odds of the British winning at 55 to 45 in their favor, primarily because of the experience and cun-ning of British Navy commanders.

If it came to war and he were the British commander, Adm. Zumwalt said, he first would go all-out to find and sink the Argentine carrier, perhaps with the auclear-powered attack submarine Superb: he would blockade the Falklands to keep ammunition and fuel from reaching the Argentine invasion force there; consider landing marines at night by helicopter at a remote island of the Falklands: and build a temporary airstrip for strike fighters, World

Resentment in U.S. Toward Japan Appears to Increase

By Robert Lindsey

New York Times Service NEW YORK — In a reversal of a postwar trend, resentment of the Japanese appears to

be growing among Americans. Interviews last week in several communities around the United States and a new poll of public opinion commissioned by NHK, the Japanese television network, indicate that there is still a deep reservoir of admiration in the United States for the Japanese people as well as respect for Japan's indus-

trial prowess. But the interviews and the results of the poll indicate that support has declined no-ticeably in the last year, largely as a result of perceptions that trade between Japan and the United States has become a one-way street, unfairly destroying American jobs Szeliga, said "no mana now party street, unfairly destroying American jo doxical it may sound the road by tod contributing to the current recession. increasing economic sourcestury U.S. Self-Doubt means not degreesing but increasing.

ing Poland's drbis."

There are indications that the increasing "Every polatician and economist is success of Japan in a wide range of industriat in the next three of our years that in the next three of our years an industrial competitors such as Taiwan Poland's debts must includely and South Korea, are causing growing ungrow to \$40, \$45 or success of the said social domainance of many industries.

There are indications that the increasing success of Japan in a wide range of industries, and the looming presence of other Asiana an industrial competitors such as Taiwan and South Korea, are causing growing ungrow to \$40, \$45 or success of Japan in a wide range of industries. The antagonism is most apparent in the

industrial Midwest, where the importing of Japanese automobiles has been blamed for the loss of as many as 250,000 jobs. There are also indications of increasing

anti-Japanese sentiment elsewhere, including sections of the Farm Belt, where Japanese import quotas on beef and other agricultural products are under attack. "Growing Frustration"

In California, some executives in the electronics industry have accused the Japanese of pirating concepts for advanced integrated circuits, and farmers contend that they suffered huge losses because of unreasonable regulations on imports of citrus fruits after the state was infested by Mediterranean fruit flies last year.

And in a few suburban communities around the United States, such as Fort Lee, N.J., and Palos Verdes, Calif., where many Japanese executives have congregated while serving Japanese companies, some of them say they feel that they face racism and discrimination. "There is no doubt that there is growing

frustration, anger and what have you toward

Japan - not so much in New York, but in Washington and Detroit and the steel

of the Japan Society, a nonprofit organiza-

said David Maceachron, president

tion in New York City that seeks to further cultural, personal and economic ties between the United States and Japan. "I think it could subside rather quickly,

he said of the resentment, if the United States could solve some of its economic problems. It would also help, he said, if Japan took more realistic steps to reduce its trade surplus of \$16 billion a year with the United States and if Americans become convinced that Japanese leaders are sincere when they say they want to narrow the surplus. Many Americans are not convinced of that now.

Concern that the United States is in the grip of a new atmosphere of anti-Japanese sentiment has lately preoccupied much of the news media in Japan.

National Opinion Poll

Extensive coverage has been given to congressional hearings on the problems of the automobile industry in the United States, the Japanese-American trade imbalance and what are taken as official and unofficial slights toward Japan.

A national opinion poll conducted by telephone for NHK last week by Potomac Associates, a Washington research organiza-tion, using the facilities of the Gallup Or-

ganization of Princeton, N.J., confirmed that in the last year there has been a decline in the number of Americans who hold a favorable opinion of Japan.

"It represents a break in what had been a steady increase in the levels of positive ratings in the past," said William Watts, president of Potomoc Associates. He said the researchers also found that support for legislation to limit Japanese imports was growing in the United States.

But he said there was no indication that Americans in general are "trying to make Japan a scapegoat" for U.S. economic prob-lems. Indeed, he said, most respondents attributed U.S. troubles more to reduced productivity and other domestic problems than to Japanese policies.

The latest poll indicated that 63 percent of Americans had a favorable attitude toward Japan, while 29 percent had an unfavorable attitude. In a 1980 poll, 84 percent looked favorably on the Japanese and 12 percent had negative feelings, and in a 1972 poll, 72 percent held favorable views and 17 percent held unfavorable views.

However, Mr. Watts emphasized that results of the current survey were not directly comparable to earlier polls, which were based on longer, in-person interviews.

INSIDE

U.S.-Cuba Talks

In what may be an effort to achieve a major breakthrough in Cuban-American relations. a Cuban official acknowledged past arms aid to Nicaragua and the Salvadoran guerrillas but insisted that the supply had ended. Page 2.

Egypt's Role

The Arab governments of the Guli are eager to see Egypt re-sume its traditional central role in the Arab world once Israel completes its withdrawal from Sinai. Page 5.

U.S. Budget

President Reagan and House Speaker O'Neill signaled strongly for the first time that negotiations aimed at reducing the 1983 budget deficit may succeed. Page 3.

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Cuban Official Says Havana Is Ready for Broad Talks With U.S.

By Leslie H. Gelb New York Times Service

HAVANA - Until recently, Cuba and the United States bore equal responsibility for the present atmosphere of confrontation, according to a senior Cuban official. But he said his government was now ready for wide-ranging negoti-ations and agreements on "mutual restraint" with Washington.

Apparently in an effort to we a major breakthrough in Cuban-American relations, the official acknowledged past arms aid to Nicaragua and to Salvadoran guerrillas but also insisted that the supply had ended.

Previously. Cuba had been unwilling to admit or had denied providing arms aid to the Salva-doran guerrillas and had said nothing about stopping transshipments of arms to El Salvador or stopping the arms flow to Nicaragua. The official said these activities had stopped within the last few

The seasor official and others, speaking to a group of scholars and foreign-policy experts gathered in Havana over the weekend, did not hide their concern about the possibility that the United States might use force against Cuba. They spoke on the condition that they not be named.

Talks at a Standstill

The senior official indicated that private talks with the Reagan administration had reached a standstill and that the Cuban position was not adequately under-stood by the administration or the

American public.
The official said that Cuba would not abandon the right to supply arms and support revolu-tions, as he maintained the Reagan administration insisted that it do. but he claimed that as a practical matter Havana was now exercising self-restraint and was prepared to play a positive role in settling disputes and bringing about "dem-

ocratic change."
He said Cuba would be willing to negotiate foreign policy ques-tions with the United States "in a multilateral context" and without first normalizing relations. Previously, in public at least. Havana had said that normalization of re-lations and a lifting of the U.S. economic embargo were necessary before such negotiations could be

Perhaps to lay the groundwork for a better dialogue with the Unit-ed States, the official indicated disapproval of the Soviet presence in Afghanistan and said that the situation in Poland should be resolved by the Polish people themselves Responding to a question on Af-ghanistan, he said Cuba had been consistently working for a politi-

He also insisted that Moscow itself was not prepared to damage relations with Washington by trying to gain "an asset" in El Sal-

Several themes ran through the official's presentation and his answers to questions.

• Cuba feels confident about its

own future, sees itself playing an important role in promoting world peace and economic development. and with this in mind, is ready for the United States.

 Cuba will not compromise its principles, rights and support for revolution, but it is prepared to negotiate practical arrangements for

 Latin America as a whole is not ripe for Socialism, and President Fidel Castro therefore is willing to promote "democratic change" in the region. While Havana will always

maintain "Socialist solidarity" with Moscow, it pursues an independent foreign policy and does not want to be a victim of East-West confrontation.

Until recently, the official said, both the United States and Cuba "were acting in a way that was leading to an unavoidable confron-

"We are convinced." he added, "that an important part of the dif-ferences results from misunderstanding, perhaps mutual misun-

He acknowledged that Cuba had been providing what he called ma-terial aid to Salvadoran guerrillas, but insisted that this had stopped 14 months ago. And he said that Cuba had also ceased transshipping arms from other countries to

the guerrillas in recent months.

He said nothing about continued Cuban training of Nicaraguan forces and Salvadoran guerrillas or about what the Reagan adminis-tration says is Cuba's involvement in the command and control of the Salvadoran guernillas.

As for Cuban arms aid to Nicar-agua, the official insisted that this had stopped several months ago since, he said, the Nicaraguans already had enough arms. He main-tained that the Reagan administra-tion knew who was really supplying the arms, but would not say so. The United States has told us they consider an end to our aid to Salvador as a prerequisite to future normalization of relations," he said. "We do not renounce the right to send arms to the guerrillas

in El Salvador, but we have not exercised this right for over a year."
He said Cuba was also ready for discussions with the United States on issues affecting both countries, including U.S. overflights of Cuba, the U.S. base in Guantanamo and settlement of American financial claims against Cuba.

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Salvador Leaders Confer Intensely On Forming a New Government

By Stanley Meisler

Los Angeles Times Service
SAN SALVADOR — Despite the approach of Easter, usually the quietest time of the year for poliquietest time of the year for poli-tics in a Latin American country. Salvadoran political leaders have been conferring intensely and pri-vately — as well as posturing a good deal in public — in their at-tempt to form a new government that will be acceptable both to Sal-vadoran voters and to the United

One of the key issues facing the newly elected constituent assembly is the naming of a provisional president. The politicians must also de-cide on the form of the provisional government: whether the president heads a government along the lines of that in the United States or whether, as is the case in El Salva-dor now, he heads a junta that includes military officers.

The key to the problem lies in the interpretation of the election results of March 28. The Christian Democrats, led by José Napoleon Duarte, the president of the current junta, won 40 percent of the vote and 24 of the 60 seats in the constituent assembly. The Christian Democrats insist that their plurality gives them the mandate to dominate any provisional government. But four rightist parties, who together won 60 percent of the votes and 36 seats, say that the public statements of the politicians

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mandate is theirs. In any case, the sometimes seem puzzling. But Mr. rightists say, they would never ac-cept another government led by

Mr. Duarte. The politicians, in private tele-phone calls and small, unpublicized meetings, seem to be trying to negotiate their way out of this impasse. It is not clear how long this will take. Some analysts expect a solution this week. But the constituent assembly does not have to meet until after Easter.

While negotiating since election day, the political leaders, especial-ly Mr. Duarte and Roberto D'Au-buisson of the extreme right National Republican Alliance (known by its Spanish acronym ARENA), have been making public statements evidently designed both to strengthen their positions in private and to enhance their image in vate and to enhance their image in the United States.

U.S. Ambassador Deane R. Hinton has reportedly already told the leaders of the rightist parties that the United States will never accept a coalition of their parties alone. Such a coalition would therefore jeopardize the American economic and military aid sorely needed by the El Salvador government as il fights a guerrilla war. Since outsiders do not know

ince, had been taken from his car Saturday night, shot to death and dumped in the outskirts of San Salvador. After paying his respects at a wake at party headquarters, Mr. D'Aubuisson said, "We have asked all members of our party and all the people of El Salvador to re-

D'Aubuisson, a retired major who

is often described as a man who

on striking a statesmanlike pose Sunday night when he called a

news conference after the assassi-

nation of an elected ARENA dep-

The deputy. David Joaquin Quinteros, 42, of Cabanas prov-

ieves that violence must be met

violence, clearly seemed intent

Mr. D'Aubuisson did imply that Mr. Duarte and the military mem-bers of the junta bore some re-sponsibility, if only for failing to prevent such violence. But his rhe-toric was relatively mild. "We must demand," he said, "that the junta, in its last few days, do everything that it can within its power to stop situations like this,"

"We are not accusing anyone as to tell everyone that if they want to frustrate the sovereign will of the people, they will not be able to do it This murder is especially painful because it is we who are always accused of being violent."

In the public pronouncements of Mr. Duarte and other Christian Democrats, two themes are clear: out them, and only they can main-tain the international respect and support needed to pursue the war against the guerrillas. But it is not clear whether such statements are based on confidence, desperation or just determination.

Teamsters Chief Shows Interest in New AFL-CIO Ties any shortages. In 1980, imports from Argentina were valued at £114 million (\$199 million), a fraction of Britain's to-

Washington Post Service
WASHINGTON — In a surprise
move, Teamsters President Roy L. move, reamsters President Roy C.
Williams said he will meet soon
with Lane Kirkland, the AFL-CIO
president, to discuss possible reaffiliation with the labor federation. The federation expelled the Team-sters in 1957 because Teamsters officials refused to cooperate with an AFL-CIO investigation of union

It was the first time since he took office last June that he has publicly expressed interest in reaffiliating the Teamsters, the na-tion's largest labor union, with the AFL-ClO. Mr. Williams' predeces-sor. Frank E. Fitzsimmons. had liscussed reaffiliation with Mr. Kirkland, but they reached no agreement before Mr. Fitzsim-

mons' death last May.

Murray Seeger, Mr. Kirkland's chief spokesman, said Mr. Williams "had not contacted us before on the question of reaffiliation." But he said Mr. Kirkland believed "in broadening the unity of the trade union movement" by bringing all unions under one roof.

Mr. Seeger said any reaffiliation talks might be delayed by the fact that Mr. Williams goes on trial in about three weeks on federal charges of bribery and conspiracy, stemming from allegations that he tried to influence votes on a trucking deregulation bill.

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British Governor Tells Of Battle in Falklands **And Vows to Return**

By Leonard Downie Jr.

Washington Post Service
LONDON — No reminder of the blow British pride has suffered so far away was as vivid as the re-turn here of the deposed British colonial governor of the Falkland Islands and most of the 80 Royal Marines who he said fought fiercely against overwhelming odds Fri-

day morning.
At a crowded news conference Monday, Rex Hunt, a short, dapper man with an easy smile, insisted that he was still governor of the Falklands and would return after the Argentine forces were driven off to celebrate next year the islands' 150th anniversary under

the British flag. He angrily denounced the initial British reports that there was little resistance to the Argentine inva-

'Very Serious' Fighting

Mr. Hunt described in detail the "very serious" fighting when the marines under his command tried to repel the invaders. He said 6,450 rounds of small-arms ammunition and 14 rockets were fired at Argen-tine troops who stormed Port Stan-ley, the islands' major town, from several directions.

Mr. Hunt was flanked at the news conference by two officers, Maj. Gareth Noot and Maj. Mike Norman, who said the small Marine force they commanded had killed at least five Argentine sol-diers, wounded 17 others, de-stroyed an armored car that had 10 soldiers inside "who never resurfaced," and captured three prison-

The officers said the casualties

to travel to Britain except in cases of urgent need. Britain had issued

Though Mrs. Thatcher insisted

she would not step down. David Steel, the Liberal Party leader, put

his party on alert in case of an ear-

ly election.

Labor members jeered and interrupted Mrs. Thatcher during a heated 15-minute question time in the House of Commons. But she was greeted with cheers from her own Conservative benches that were the loudest since she was elected in May, 1979.

Mrs. Thatcher rejected assertions that the government had

tions that the government had been alerted by intelligence sources late last month that Argentina

es fate last month that Argentina planned to attack the Falklands, which lie about 400 miles (640 ki-lometers) off Argentina's east coast. She was adamant that she

did not know the precise nature of the threat until last Wednesday,

Two London newspapers reported Tuesday that secret Argentine

plans to capture the Falklands had been passed to Britain well before

Mrs. Thatcher's ban on imports

from Argentina, which became effective at midnight Tuesday, fol-

lows a freeze imposed Saturday on Argentine financial assets in Brit-

ain. The ban mainly will affect

beef, but is not expected to cause

In Mashington, Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. called

in the British and Argentine am-

bassadors Tuesday as the Reagan

administration sought ways to

defuse the crisis.

Suzuki Denies Promise to U.S.

On Sea Defense

United Press Intern

TOKYO — Premier Zenko Suzuki has denied that he

promised the United States that

his country would guard the Pacific sea-lanes 1,000 miles from its

mainland, parliamentary sources

mainland, parliamentary sources said Tuesday.

"I did not go all the way to America to pledge to safeguard the 1,000-mile-long sea-lanes," Mr. Suzuki told the members of the Diet (parliament) Monday.

In his first meeting with President Reagan last May, Mr. Suzuki nomised "even greater efforts to

promised "even greater efforts to build up Japan's defense capabili-

ties." After the meeting, the Japanese leader told Washington's Na-

tional Press Club that Japan would

"build up military strength to take over the defense of the sea-lanes"

The newspaper Yomiuri Shim-

bun reported separately Tuesday that former U.S. Defense Secretary

Harold Brown said in an interview that the United States wants Japan

to assume a greater part in its own

from the United States.

a similar call to its citizens.

Thatcher Refuses to Resign

In Dispute Over Falklands

tine figures of three dead and five wounded. Maj. Noot said he was told by doctors at the island hospital that a "lot of people" had been airlifted directly from the fighting zone to the Argentine ships.

Mr. Hunt described how the marines made their "last stand" at the governor's house on the edge of Port Stanley, repulsing Argentine invaders who got within 10 yards before retreating under fire from the marines. "It was quite a firefight for half an hour," he said. "We all ended up on the floor."

But after Argentine reinforcements arrived and took a "commanding position" on a hill overhanning beats of the control of the stand"—he decided to negotiate with the Argentine commanding officer, Mr. Hunt said.

He sent emissaries with white flags made from torn curtains to search through Port Stanley for a responsible officer, Mr. Hunt said. Finally, after speaking with an Argentine admiral — "I never did get his name" — Mr. Hunt decided to give the order to cease fire to avoid civilian casualties and damiral and the standard management of the stan age to Port Stanley. But several hours went by before he agreed to leave the governor's house to go to the town hall to surrender to the Argentine commanding general. And then, Mr. Hunt said, he refused to shake the general's outstretched hand.

"The general looked very angry, and told me, 'I think it's ungentlemanly not to shake hands, " Mr.

"I told him, 'I think it's very uncivilized to invade British territory. You are here illegally, "Mr. Hunt

Mr. Haig met British Ambassa-dor Sir Nicholas Henderson at the

State Department and was having

talks shortly afterwards with Argentina's ambassador, Esteban Ta-

kacs. U.S. officials have far made clear that the United States was

prepared to be helpful to both

ticular course of action. In Rome, Pope John Paul II discussed the

Falklands dispute Tuesday with Javier Pérez de Cuellar, the United

Nations secretary-general, and of-

Canada Protests Seizure

strongly protested Argentina's seizure of the Falklands and has recalled its ambassador in Buenos

Aires for urgent talks, the external affairs minister, Mark MacGuigan,

CANBERRA (UPI) -- Austra-

lia's ambassador to Argentina was recalled Tuesday for urgent talks on the Falklands situation.

Japan Denies U.K. Request

clined a British request that it im-pose sanctions against Argentina and expressed hope for a peaceful

settlement, a Foreign Ministry of-ficial said Tuesday.

speaking with foreign reporters.

TOKYO (UPI) - Japan has de-

OTTAWA (UPI) - Canada has

fered to help mediate.

said Monday.

des but was not urging any par-



Rex Hunt

continued. "I instructed him to leave forthwith."

The general refused and said Mr. Hunt and his marines would be leaving instead, on an Argentine military aircraft. "I said we hadn't packed or anything," Mr. Hunt recalled. "We didn't know they were coming."

"I elected to go to the airport in ceremonial uniform in the taxi," he

recalled referring to the distinctive black English cab that he used as his official car. His driver put a small British flag on it, as usual, "and said he would throttle any Argie who tried to take it off."

It stayed on, fluttering from its place of honor on the hood until Mr. Hunt and his wife reached the airport. He insisted on recording a farewell radio message to the islan-ders. Journalists who were removed later from Port Stanley said

it was never broadcast.
"We let the islanders down," Mr. Hunt said somberly Monday.
"They felt let down when we left. I saw them crying. They thought we wouldn't be back. But I intend to return. I am still governor of the Falkland Islands."

Opposition

its failure to obtain the level of inits failure to obtain the level of in-ternational support it expected. In particular, officials were surprised at the Soviet failure Saturday to veto a Security Council resolution calling for an Argentine withdraw-al from the islands and at the lack of support for Argentina from nonaligned members of the council.

Although the governments of Venezuela, Peru and Uruguay have expressed support for Argentina's occupation, other Latin American powers appear to be hesitating. Chile, concerned about its own volatile border dispute with Argen-tina, has been quietly critical of the operation, while Brazil has op-

As a result, Argentina has increasingly come to turn its hope for a successful end to the crisis to the United States, according to reports and sources in Buenos Aires. the past year, both govern have sought actively to establish close relations, and Argentina, which has backed U.S. policy in Central America politically and

Argentina appears to hope that the Reagan administration will be able to prevent fighting and encourage negotiations that will leave the Falklands in the hands of Argentina at least while talks go

In Argentina

posed Argentina's use of force and has hinted that it might allow Brit-ish warships to refuel in its ports.

with offers of arms, believes that the United States now should return the support, officials said.

.Budge

in

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Ecevit Called to Face Military Court

Reuters

ANKARA — Former Turkish Premier Bulent Ecevit will face a military court on April 29 for writing an article that appeared in the West German magazine Der Spiegel last month, a military spokesman said

here Tuesday. Mr. Ecevit's lawyers said he faced up to nine months' imprisonment if convicted. The court ordered Mr. Ecevit to appear on suspicion that the magazine article violated a military decree banning former political leaders from publicly expressing political opinions, the spokesman said.

Mr. Ecevit has already spent 60 days in jail for violating the decree by

Arafat Appeals for End to Gulf War United Press International

KUWAIT - Yasser Arafat, the leader of the Palestine Liberation Organization, appealed Tuesday for an immediate end to the Iran-Iraq war and called for a confrontation with "international imperialism." "It is necessary to halt this war immediately and unify our efforts to confront the enemy, international imperialism and its ally Zionism," Mr. Arafat told a meeting of the nonaligned movement.

Mr. Arafat made his appeal before the foreign ministers of the warring Gulf states, who met for the first time since their war began in September, 1980. The foreign ministers of Iran and Iraq sat on opposite sides of the conference hall at the meeting of the 34 members of the Coordination Bureau and listened impassively to Mr. Arafat's appeal.

Mexican Volcano Smoke Blocks Aid

The Associated Press

PICHUCALCO, Mexico — A 30,000-foot pillar of ash-filled smoke spewed by the volcano El Chichonal again prevented the parachuting of food to 5,000 stranded villagers whom some officials now give little chance of survival,

"It's practically impossible for those people to still be alive," an army officer involved with relief operations said Monday. The three eruptions last week killed 21 persons and injured more than 500 in other areas. The villages on the slopes of the 4,340-foot volcano have been cut off since El Chichonal began erupting March 29 and blocked the mountain trails leading to them. Between eruptions, the volcano is sending up hot ashes continuously, blanketing the countryside for miles around. El Chichonal, part of the Sierra Madre range in southeast Mexico, is on the border between Tabasco and Chiapas states.

Yugoslavia, Albania Sign Rail Accord

BELGRADE — Albania has reached an agreement with Yugoslavia on the construction of their first rail link, Yugoslav officials said Tuesday.

The project, designed to connect the Albanian town of Scutari with the southern Yugoslav city of Titograd, had been agreed to in principle several years ago, but was suspended after Belgrade accused Tirana of fomenting Albanian nationalist riots in the southern Yugoslav province of Kosovo last year,

During talks in Tirana last week, government experts from the two countries signed an agreement providing for the start of construction of the Yugoslav section of the railroad, officials said. The line is due to become operational in January, 1984.

Bell System

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corruption charges.

"Lane and I are going to sit down and talk about it." Mr. Williams told reporters Monday after an impromptu appearance and speech before a conference here of the AFL-CIO Building and Construction Trades Department. He said the talks would take place in wo or three weeks.

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But "only the United States has the nuclear deterrant and ability to defend areas outside of Japan and only the United States can defend the sea-lanes for all materials imported to Japan," Mr. Brown was quoted as saying in the Monday

PLO Embassy on Sri Lanka

COLOMBO. Sri Lanka — Sri Lanka has decided to grant full embassy status to the Palestine Liberation Organization, the For-eign Ministry said Tuesday. The mission in Colombo has previously been at a representative level.

Washington Post Service

Times are getting hard for Po-

land's "banana people," the do-

rogatory term for the jet set. But,

like everybody else in this fash-

ionable ski resort, they are doing their best to forget the rigors of

tra mountains, near the Czechos-

lovak border, Zakopane has the

reputation of being Poland's winter capital. For the banana

people, so called because of their

access to imported bananas, it is

also the place where they can show off their smart Western ski

gear, join in the lively nightlife and indulge in wild drinking

At least it was once. Since last

December's military crackdown.

Zakopane has become rather

more staid. Because of the night

curiew, the après-ski scene is

strictly between 5 and 10 p.m.

Anybody who wants to go up Mount Kasprowy, where the best skiing is, first has to get per-mission to visit "a border area."

That leaves strutting up and

down the main street, but the shops are empty and, besides,

these days many banana people

are anxious not to draw atten-

By Dale Russakoff

Washington Post Service

mineral development to be a key

to a strong national defense and

economic recovery, reflects a

warning by Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. that the Soviet

Union is waging a "resource war" to imperil key U.S. mineral supply

It also reflects the controversial

commitment by Interior Secretary

James G. Watt to open public

lands to development, despite

stern opposition from across the

political spectrum. The report, signed Monday, was drafted large-

ly by a Cabinet council on natural

Capacity to Sustain

The policy calls for opening vast

areas of protected public lands to mineral development, and for the purchase of \$12.5 billion of strate-

gic minerals such as bauxite, chro-

mium, cobalt and tungsten for the

national stockpile - enough to

sustain the country for three years

"The United States must imple-

during a national emergency.

resources headed by Mr. Watt.

Set at the foot of the High Ta-

martial law,

ZAKOPANE, Poland

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SPECIAL

INTRODU

KTION4

Haig Backs Power-Balance Policy In Rejecting Nuclear Arms Freeze Mr. Haig acknowledged that the United States had, during the peri-

By Michael Getler

WASHINGTON - In a rebuke advocates of a nuclear weapons reeze or other shifts in strategy, ecretary of State Alexander M. laig Jr. warned Tuesday that "the takes are too great and the consequeness of error too catastrophic" o scrap the time-tested policy of leterring attack through a bulance f power for a leap into the un-

A freeze on both Soviet and U.S. nuclear weapons as a step toward alting the arms buildup and relucing the risks of nuclear war is seing urged by a group of senators nd within a number of communiics around the United States.

Mr. Haig, in a major address to icorgetown University's Center or Strategic and International tudies, said the administration vas "sensitive to the concerns unerlying this proposal. But he stoutly defended the ad-

ninistration view that the safest nd best way to ensure that nucler war never occurs and ultimately o reduce the weapons on each side to "maintain the military balance now being threatened by the Soviet buildup."

State Department officials said that Mr. Haig's speech was an attempt to counter the freeze movement and to launch his own preemptive strike at a proposal about to appear in Foreign Allairs Quarterly calling for the United States to renounce a policy of "first use" of nuclear weapons in Europe. The article is authored by four former top officials of four different ad-

Mr. Haig held that "a freeze at current levels" of overall missile striking power "would perpetuate an unstable and unequal military balance" with Moscow. Referring to an array of Soviet long-range and intermediate-range missiles and bombers, Mr. Haig claimed a freeze now "would reward a dec-ade of unilateral Soviet buildup and penalize the United States for what he described as "a decade of unilateral restraint,"

Actually, the big Soviet buildup in the 1970s followed a big Ameri-can buildup of land-based and

duced the new Trident missile-firing submarines and the airlaunched Cruise missiles. And he also said deterrence "does not rest on a static comparison of the number and size of nuclear weapons or on warhead numbers, but in a complex interaction of capabilities and vulnerabilities." But his speech supported the

od of American "restraint," intro-

contention that despite these U.S. measures, the "Soviet modernization efforts have far outstripped those of the West," and that the big new Soviet missiles had tipped the balance in an important way because they "now pose a serious and increasing threat to a large part" of the U.S. land-based mis-Mr. Haig rejected as "simply not

true" the argument that the admin-istration's defense and arms control policy is a plan to build up arms in order possibly to reduce them in subsequent negotiations

The secretary argued that it was only after Congress approved con-struction of U.S. anti-missile defense system, to offset one already started by the Russians, that Moscow agreed to negotiate limits on these systems in the early 1970s. He said that it was only after the North Atlantic Treaty Organization agreed to deploy new U.S. missiles in Europe that the Russians agreed to put their existing

A move by either side eventually

the United States to implement an immediate freeze on production, testing and deployment of nuclear weapons," said Andreas Zumach, a representative of Action-Reconciliation, 3 West German anti-nuclear group. "This is a step which could well be taken unilaterally by

tion-Reconciliation said the group. which completed a 15-day tour of 52 U.S. cities Tuesday, is "asking for a nuclear-free Europe in West

Rep. Edward J. Markey, Democrat of Massachusetts, co-sponsor of a resolution in the House calling for negotiations to end the nuclear buildup, said members of the antinuclear movement "aren't advocating unilateral disarmament."

everyday problems. The term "banana people" (bananowcy in Polish) originated

tion to themselves. Most settle for acquiring a serious suntan.

during a xenophobic campaign in March, 1968. It was used to describe a privileged class able to purchase Western food and clothing. Winters in Zakopane were part of the banana people's

The phrase was not used during the 1970s, when Edward Gierek, then the Communist Party leader, held out a vision of affluence for everyone. Imported bananas no longer seemed quite so decadent. With hard currency flooding into the country on credit, even ordinary people were able to get hold of Western Now that Mr. Gierek's eco-

nomic strategy has crashed and all that the new leadership has to offer is austerity, the lurid exploits of the banana people are once again attracting the attention of the official press. A favorite theme is to contrast "the arrogance and insolence of these dirty playboys" with "the hard service of our soldiers, the toil of

miners and steelworkers, the struggle of working people with

Polish Ski Town Finds the Going Uphill Since Crackdown

'Banana People' Do Their Best to Keep Lights Burning

A recent article in the army newspaper was a good example of the genre. The paper de-scribed indignantly how a group of "well-fed" banana people had devoted their skiing holiday to the business of getting drunk. Armed with curfew passes, presumably purchased with bribes, they had roared around the ski resort in a white Mercedes at all hours of the night in search of girls and booze.

Punishment Urged

"These alcoholic nights and mornings full of hangovers have nothing in common with the culture of resting in the moun-tains," the author complained. "Such disturbances of public order call for punishment."

The present season has proved such a disaster that Zakonane would probably welcome an influx of bananowcy, if only for the trickle-down effect on the local economy. It was not until travel restrictions imposed under mar-tial law were eased at the beginning of February that the first holiday-makers began to arrive.

In a case on the town's main street, a waitress came up to listen to a couple of Western visi-tors speaking English. "You're the first foreigners I've seen here this season," she marveled. "Usually, we get many more."

Despite Poland's Communist system, many of the smaller ski lifts in the hills around Zakopane are privately run. They are owned by sheep farmers who, at the outset of winter, don ski boots and windbreakers to become capitalist entrepreneurs. None will accept another's lift passes.

The lift owners are doing badly this year, as are Zakopane housekeepers who earn extra eash by renting rooms to visi-

With or without martial law, the crowds on Zakopane's main street are perhaps the most diverse group of people one could encounter anywhere. There are young skiers with packs on their backs, middle-aged Communist apparatchiks enjoying a break,

grizzled old sheep farmers with round felt hats, thick white woolen breeches and embroidered jackets.

Plus, of course, a sprinkling of banana people distinguishable by their Polaroid sunglasses, fur coats, high-heeled boots and bored expressions, as if they really had been planning a holiday in St. Moritz but ended up in

Zakopane by some ghastly mis-After a day or two in Zakopane, the attractions of Swiss ski resorts with their clockwork efficiency become apparent. Getting permission to ski on Kasprowy presents much more of a challenge than the skiing it-

"It's easy." said an experi-enced skier in Warsaw beforehand. "All you have to do is show the police your passport and wait 24 hours for the permit to be granted. Then you get up at 6 a.m., get to the cable car by the time it opens at 7 and wait in line for three hours to go up the mountain.

"Alternatively, you can bribe the hotel doorman to do it all for

As it turns out, the doorman ploy no longer works either.

Reagan Fires Attorney Who Tied Case to CLA

By Edward T. Pound New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - President teagan has dismissed William H. Cennedy, the U.S. attorney in San Diego, for publicly confirming the dentity of a key U.S. intelligence ource who is the subject of a fedral grand jury investigation. Mr. Kennedy's dismissal was

announced Monday night by a ustice Department spokesman. The president acted after Mr. Cennedy, 51, refused to step down lespite requests from the Justice Department. Last week, Attorney Fig. Beneral William French Smith ecommended that Mr. Reagan

lismiss Mr. Kennedy.
Mr. Kennedy, who began his erm in office last fall, serves, like ill U.S. attorneys, as an appointee of the president.

He angered his superiors in the ustice Department when he told The San Diego Union last month hat the Central Intelligence Ageny had played a role in blocking prosecution of the intelligence ource, Miguel Nassar Haro, in a najor criminal case. Mr. Nassar is he former chief of Mexico's na-

The newspaper quoted Mr. Kenucky as saying that since November, the Justice Department had been withholding approved to the conducted point operations with the CIA and been withholding approved to the conducted point operations with the CIA and been withholding approved to the conducted point operations with the CIA and the city and conducted point operations with the CIA and the city and city an reen withholding approval to inlict Mr. Nassar in an \$8-million ase involving automobile theft beause the intelligence agency had dvised the department that Mr. Vassar was its "most important ource in Mexico and Central



According to U.S. officials, Mr. Nassar provided crucial intelli-gence information to the United States, some involving the activities of guerrilla leaders from El Salvador and Guatemala.

passed on sensitive information about Soviet and Cuban assistance to guerrilla forces in El Salvador.

of Mexico's national police in January, 1977. He left the post last January and his whereabouts are



William H. Kennedy

Mr. Nassar was appointed head

SS-20 missiles on the bargaining WASHINGTON — President table at talks in Geneva. Reagan has sent Congress a policy statement intended to stimulate the domestic mining industry and reduce U.S. dependence on "po-Unilateral Freeze Urged WASHINGTON (UPI) -Leaders of the European nuclear tentially unstable foreign sources disarmament movement called for minerals essential to the na-Tuesday for a unilateral nuclear tional defense. weapons freeze by the United States or the Soviet Union as a The statement which declares

first step toward arms limitations. could lead to a total end to production, testing and deployment of nuclear weapons and a negotiated reduction of forces, leaders of the U.S.-Europeace Tour told a Capi-

tol news conference.
"We urge the Soviet Union and either side."

The Rev. Volkmar Deile of Acand East Europe.

ment materials and minerals policy Instead, he said, they are calling programs to ensure that America's for negotiations to reduce the sizes capacity to field and sustain fight-

U.S. Plan Aims to Ensure Supplies of Strategic Minerals national emergency is not curtailed by a shortage of critical raw mate-rials," the National Materials and Minerals Program Plan states. The 33-page statement was distributed without comment by the White

> It proposed no legislation or appropriations, instead invoking mineral development as a reason for continued pursuit of existing administration policies, including regulatory relief, business tax cuts and elimination of barriers to deep-sea ocean mining. It also called for orienting government-financed research toward projects to increase mineral production.

Despite its lack of specifics, the

praise by industry spokesmen and denunciations from conservation "Overall, it amounts to fabrica-

tion of a crisis to justify further attack on the nation's public land heritage and to attempt to justify sweetheart deals for the mineral industry," said Terry Sopher, who lobbies on public lands issues for the Wilderness Society. "It hits the right areas," said

Richard Seibert of the National Association of Manufacturers. "Our nonfuel mineral resources have been treated much like petroleum prior to 1972. If we learn anything we should be wary of growing overly dependent on raw materials from foreign sources."

ministration will seek congressional approval to sell an estimated \$4.92 billion of stockpiled minerals that now exceed three-year levels. This includes tin, the main stockpiled mineral now being sold. The policy statement directs the

The plan also states that the ad-

Federal Emergency Management Agency to decide which minerals o purchase, when to buy them and in what quantities. The proposed \$12.5 billion of

stockpile purchases would be deferred until later years when "the budget isn't in such terrible shape," according to Will Dare, an Interior Department official who participated in drafting the policy. "The policy is a sign of aware-

ness. By God, environmental policy isn't going to be the only con-cern when it affects minerals." Mr. Dare said.

The report notes that the United States now imports more than half its total supplies of 20 strategic minerals - a figure that conservation groups contend is a distortion of U.S. vulnerability.

Past Defense Department reports have pegged import dependence at more than 90 percent for chromium, cobalt, manganese, vanadium, columbium and other minerals essential to the aerospace and defense industry. Southern Africa and the Soviet Union control most present supplies of these min-

Maritime Industry Is Disappointed in Reagan

By Thomas W. Lippman

WASHINGTON - Throughout the U.S. maritime industry - shipbuilders, vessel operators, maritime unions, port officials - disappointment and anger at the Reagan administration have been

building quietly for months.

The industry supported Mr.
Reagan as he campaigned on a promise to revitalize the shipyards and the merchant fleet, but his administration still has not issued the comprehensive maritime policy he promised, and several of its policies have been perceived as detrimental to the maritime communi-

tion secretary. Drew Lewis, for Council sought newspaper publici- a key figure in the industry.

partial deregulation of the merchant fleet has not overcome strong criticism of the administration's announced intention to reduce maritime subsidies. As shipyard employment and cargo consignments continue to decline, the optimism that reigned a year ago has given way to a collective desperation, clearly evident at maritime gatherings, while ship operators and builders search for a formula to end the erosion of the

Jesse Calhoun, head of the marine engineers' union, recently circulated proposals for revitalizing the merchant marine through cargo-preference regulations and tax incentives. The National Maritime public awareness that is so desperately needed to save the industry." Mr. Calhoun said.

Several organizations are asking

Congress to enact new cargo-preference legislation to increase the share of commerce carried by U.S.-flag vessels. The Shipbuilders Council sniped in print at the Maritime Administration and its new director, Harold Shear, a retired

Much of the criticism was lowkey and was expressed within the maritime fraternity. But last weekend, the disappointment finally provoked a strongly worded public denunciation of the president from

Frank Drozak, president of the Seafarers International Union and head of the AFL-CIO's maritime trades division, said that "Franklin Roosevelt's New Deal is turning into Ronald Reagan's raw deal, and he said maritime workers should "support our friends and defeat our enemies" in November's congressional elections.

In a speech to an International Longshoremen's Association gatirering in Houston, Mr. Drozak said, "The American people are getting fed up with the economic theories of the administration because they are not working and because they are producing one of the most pronounced economic crises that this nation has faced since the Great Depression."

White House, Democrats Indicate A Budget Compromise Is Possible

By John M. Berry

WASHINGTON - President teagan and the speaker of the fouse. Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., ave signaled strongly for the first me that negotiations aimed at re-ucing the 1983 budget deficit may

The key appeared to be acceptnce by the president of some cuts
the large planned increases in
uilitary spending and by congresonal Democrats of a cap on autonatic cost-of-living increases in arious benefit programs, includ-ig Social Security. Some new revnue-raising measures, such as an il-import fee, may also be part of

"I look forward to progress eing made as soon as they come ack from the Easter recess," Mr. cagan said, referring to Congress, That's why we are negotiating so On Capitol Hill, Rep. O'Neill, a fassachusetts Democrat, de-ared. There's a possibility, there

sally is a possibility we could ork something out." Referring to fr. Reagan, the speaker added, "I on't think he's as hardened on demse as he was." As far as he can etermine, Rep. O'Neill added, the resident is "sull in cement" only n insisting that last year's busiess and personal income tax cuts of be reduced. Signs of Movement

The signs of movement came as dministration officials acknowldged the budget outlook has orsened as the economy has renamed weak. Commerce Secretary falcolm Baldrige said that beause of a weaker-than-expected conomy and other developments, will take spending cuts of \$20 illion to \$30 billion on top of the

\$56 billion that Mr. Reagan proposed in February to hold the 1983 deficit to \$100 billion.

In other words, it no cuts are made and no taxes or other revenue-raising measures adopted, the 1983 deficit would be \$175 billion to \$185 billion. Observers said that a final budget compromise — if it can be reached as a result of the delicate three-way negotiations among the White House, the Republican-controlled Senate and the Democratic-controlled House likely would still leave the deficit in the neighborhood of \$125 bil-

Mr. Reagan again said he be-lieves the economy is "bottoming out of a recession," but he said he expected unemployment — al-ready at a post-World War II record of 9 percent — to continue to increase for a while.

Mr. Baldrige, at a breakfast meeting, acknowledged that some large corporations could go ban-krupt this year, "My instincts tell me there will be one or two," he

Murray I. Weidenbaum, chair-man of the Council of Economic Advisers, also said the recession has hit bottom. "What we don't yet see are the signs of the up-turn." he told the Washington Press Chib. High interest rates are "the major sticking point," he add-

Neither the president nor Rep. O'Neill is participating in the di-rect negotiations among House and Senate leaders and James Baker 3d, a presidential aide. Four of the participants - the chairman of the Senate Budget Committee Pete V. Domenici, Republican of New Mexico; the chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, Robert J. Dole, Republican of Kansas; the chairman of the House Ways

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and Means Committee, Daniel Rostenkowski, Democrat of Illinois; and the chairman of the. House Budget Committee, James

are optimistic a compromise will However, in Dallas at a meeting of the National Association of Broadcasters, they sounded a note of caution as well. "I'm optimistic. when you are negotiating, you have to be optimistic." Rep. Rostenkowski said. "The problem is that the principals are not in the room. The decisions will be made in the Oval Office and the speak-

R. Jones, Democrat of Oklahoma

- all said Monday that they, too,

er's office." On this point, Mr. Reagan was asked if there would be a "summit meeting" with House and Senate leaders on the budget. "I think that will be a part of the procedure before we finally arrive at a budget," the president replied.

Rep. Domenici said a reduction in both cost-of-living increases for benefit programs and military

Allbritton Gives Unions Deadline On News Job Cuts

NEW YORK - Joe L. Allbritton, who wants to buy the Daily News, has told the newspaper's unions that they would have to give up 1,600 jobs — about a third of the payroll — and accept a wage freeze and a five-year, no-strike contract.

Mr. Allbritton, a financier who owned The Washington Star and who operates eight smaller news-papers, gave the 11 unions until April 25 to agree on ways to cut costs by \$85 million a year. The \$85 million compares with an ac-knowledged loss of \$11 million last year and estimated potential losses of \$50 million this year and next for the newspaper, the largest-sell-ing general-interest daily in the United States,

Mr. Allbritton and his aides met with the union officers for two hours Monday. It was his first meeting with the labor leaders since the Tribune Co. of Chicago, the owner of the Daily News, announced last week that he had been given the option to take over



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Wednesday, April 7, 1982

The Falklands Crisis...

What an odd juxtaposition: a British nuclear fleet has now set off for the far South Atlantic, to avenge an insult to 1,800 British shepherds and fishermen.

And what a lesson in the occasional futility of modern armament. Once this menacing armada arrives, what precisely is it to do? Blast the Falklands, and the Falklanders. into smithereens? Fortunately, the stately timetable of naval deployment gives diplomacy a chance. Almost certainly, that diplo-

macy will have to start in Washington.
As the resignation of Britain's Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington demonstrates, this is not simply a comic crisis. A peaceful out-come is hardly assured. Should those guns fire, serious U.S. interests could be at risk: many in the hemisphere will regard the United States as England's accomplice.

The Argentines defend their invasion as belated decolonization and they appeal for support from all countries, especially those in the Communist and Third World. Argentina has counted these islands as part of its national patrimony since it became independent, and notes that Britain's current title dates to an act of force in 1833.

London counters, persuasively, that virtually all the current inhabitants are of British descent and strongly desire British rule. The Argentine military has not only seized disputed territory, but holds some 1,800 unwilling hostages. The harsh terms decreed for their captivity - 60 days' imprisonment for any "irreverent act" toward Argentine "patriotic symbols" - show that Buenos Aires has no illusions about where Falklanders lovalties lie.

By sending two-thirds of its fleet, Britain has raised the stakes. Prime Minister Thatcher could not have survived doing less. Americans remember the passions uncorked when its hostages were taken in Tehran and can appreciate how Britons feel. Their forces were caught off guard, and now the British Falklanders must suffer humiliation from one of the world's least appealing military dietatorships.

The ideal outcome is for Argentina to retreat, but that seems out of the question at the moment. Its uniformed leaders refuse, perhaps sensing that to step back could spell their own political doom. And they are betting that the British will not shell the very people they have come to protect. Still, given the temper in London, the room for maneuver is likely to be much reduced once the fleet arrives.

So diplomacy has a week or two of breathing room. Despite the Argentinian rebuff to President Reagan last week, the urgent American interest is to mediate a face-saving settlement. American credibility with both sides can help, but there is no sense pretending that Washington's relations with the two protagonists are symmetrical.

Argentina, while vocally anti-Communist, has repeatedly embarrassed Washington over both human rights and its willingness to trade with Moscow in the face of Soviet aggression. Beyond the national ties of common culture and enduring alliance, the current British government has established a special relationship with the Reagan administration, including its willingness to go out

on Washington's limb over Central America. In return, the Thatcher government is entitled to an all-out effort to persuade Argentina to back down. Other countries in the hemisphere denounce armed interventions regularly. Here is a chance for Washington to persuade them to act on their revulsion, isolate Argentina and force negotiation.
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

... And Other Nations

The Falklands affair is so different from the kinds of crises we have come to expect and fear. There is, for instance, not the slightest aspect of a bloody guerrilla struggle. The scene is a largely barren archipelago. There has been no repression, no injustice. There are no hills or urban warrens for the fewer than 2,000 victims to retreat to. Argentina took control within hours.

So many crisis scenarios anticipate a climax building within minutes, or at most a few days. Here the countdown has been stretched to an almost tedious couple of weeks. At the dock as the fleet departed Britain, there was a positively nostalgic quality: soldiers bravely sailing off to defend their country's honor, which unquestionably had been defiled. A carrier called Invincible, aboard it a prince: who would have been surprised to see, among those waving goodbve. Claudette Colbert?

Yet the costs of the cri and Argentina, may mount. Britain's foreign secretary became the first casualty, resigning. His steadying hand had given Mrs. Thatcher her single international triumph, in Zimbabwe. The prime minister, under fire already for her economic policies, now must carry the additional burden of what many

Britons see as an unspeakable affront to the national dignity. Whether the navy, having been restructured for other missions, can accomplish even its limited assignment of help-ing to restore British "administration" of the Falklands will be played out in slow motion in the South Atlantic.

The whole Argentine nation seems to be on an emotional jag. But there must come some sort of a diplomatic reckoning, if not also a military one, and after that the people will demand that the government return to the crushing cares it intended to flee by seizing the "Malvinas."

The worst of it is the contribution the seizure makes to a condition of global anarchy. The use of unprovoked force to resolve a grievance treatable by other means can be contagious. When something like this happens, and the aggressor is not held suitably to account, a great deal is lost in terms of future with the conflict in question. The United States has a large and strong interest in seeing British administration of the Falklands restored. So do many other nations, some of which recognize that interest and some of which do not.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Academia and Industry

The presidents of five universities recently met in closed session with the brass of 11 big corporations. The subject was the rules that should govern the relationships between universities and business, especially in the sizzling competition to commericalize new biotechnologies. Though the "elitist" composition of the academic delegation (Stanford, Harvard, Berkeley, MIT and Caltech - who else?) and the secrecy surrounding the session itself predictably attracted a good deal of irritated attention, the meeting's actual outcome - a short, unsigned document hardly merited all the excitement.

There has been much talk and a lot of floundering around over the past several years concerning the need for new and closer relationships between academia and industry. Government wants industry to supplement its own declining support for research and development. Universities, caught between rising costs and declining support, are looking frantically for new sources of money, both from direct business investment in their research and from the commercialization of discoveries made by faculty members. Industry wants more access than the traditional one-day-a-week consulting relationship with academia's best brains. All three are aware that traditional American commercial dominance, especially in high-technology fields, is slipping, and that a principal cause is the country's slowness in getting the commercial practical good of its substantial research achievements.

But there are forces pulling strongly in the opposite direction. Closer relationships with

business inject a need for secrecy into the academic environment and can distort practices essential to successful research. Open and constant communication among scientists, prompt publication of results, freedom and encouragement to choose research projects solely for their intellectual interest, and a high priority assigned to teaching - these are among the elements that would be at risk.

The seemingly infinite possibilities for turning recombinant DNA into salable products has forced universities to face these pressures. Harvard debated and nearly approved a proposal to create its own company to be run by its faculty members. Stanford has struggled with conflicts over patent rights. MIT has accepted a \$125 million grant for a tightly affiliated biomedical research unit. Colleges and universities have been thrust into a new situation with little past experience and few precedents to draw on.

What the five university presidents produced last weekend does not really get to the problems. It is largely a statement of unexceptionable general principles, combined with hortatory language on the need to preserve "basic academic values" and so forth. It winds up. disappointingly, as "anagenda of issues" not of "attempted" answers. Perhaps that was inevitable, considering the narrowness of the group. But the effort should not stop here. Universities, and science as a whole, would benefit from an attept to hammer out rules to guide the development of new relationships with business that will nor endanger academic science.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

HAMBURG - A terrorist circular of a decidedly kept quiet, but the fact that thousands of strikebreakers could be found to strengthen the backhone of these ship-owning scoundrels has prevented the locked-out men from getting justice. A terrible example will be made to show the German laboring classes the uselessness of the attitude of the Social Democratic Trade Union."

WASHINGTON - Evidence of a prehistoric culture indicating that man in small groups filtered into America from northeastern Asia over a period of thousands of years has been reported here by Dr. Hrdlicka, curator of physical anthropology of the Smithsonian Institute. The culture that Dr. Hrdlicka discovered from terial taken from Kodiak island excave ___ may be a direct antecedent of the ar' ... vernents of the Mayas, Incas, Aztec and American Indians. Some of the art objects contain elements strikingly suggestive of those that were developed in Central America and Yucatan. A center of population just south of the Alaska peninsula had not been suspected

Iran Preparing to Make a Theological Invasion

PARIS - Heartened by their recent mili-tary victories against Iraq. Iran's religious rulers are preparing a massive ideologi-cal invasion of Moslem countries. Thousands of zealots from more than 20 Islamic countries are training in various Iranian cit-ies to become "messengers of true Islam."

They are called "good Moslems," as op-posed to bad ones, and are taught to be pre-pared to kill or to die in the pursuit of their mission. Their message, based on Ayatollah Khomeini's teachings, could split the Moslem world, leading to a new schism with incalculable consequences.

Islam's greatest schism, that divided the faithful into Sunnis and Shiites for some 12 centuries, came to a theoretical end in 1949 when Sheikh Shaltut, the then-rector of the al-Azhar Mosque in Cairo and the Sunnis highest theological authority, signed his historic fitwa or edict, declaring Shiism as a legitimate version of Islam.

A Center for Convergence was set up un-der Iranian theologian Ayatollah Mohammed-Taqi Qomi, virtually ending centuries of feuds that often led to pogroms and wars pitting Sunni against Shiite Now many Sunni theologians want the fa-mous Shaltut edict revoked so that the Shi-

ites could, once again, be considered as

heretics and excluded from the international Islamic community.

Last month, Tehran's mullahs held a seminar on "the ideal Islamic government" and interpreted the 1949 edict to mean that the Sunnis had, in fact, accepted the Shiite view and should now accept its logical conse-

Sunni leaders have reacted angrily, accus-ing the mullahs of Tehran of "creating a

new religion in the name of Islam." The leader of the Moslem Brotherhood, Sheikh Omar al-Telmessani, only recently released from prison in Cairo, has rejected Khomeini's claim of representing the only "true version of Islam." Al-Telmessani's assertion that the Shiite differed "from Islam, even on principle," is seen in Tehran as an opening

Differences between the two versions of Islam go far beyond mere form. Sunni Islam has only three principles: belief in the oneness of God, belief in the legitimacy of Mohammed's mission and belief in the Day

salvo in a coming Shiite-Sunni doctrinal

of Judement. les, adds two of its own: belief in Allah's ustice and the concept of "imama."

Khomeini is using the principle of imama o back his claim of ruling over a universal Islamic state, uniting the world's estimated 900 million Moslems.

According to Khomeini, power, being ex-

clusively divine, cannot be exercised by mere mortals without the blessing of the Almighty. The City of God should be created in this world. Allah's justice must be meted out here and now. Mortal man resembles a child who is in need of a wali (custodian). This wali is the imam (commander of the faithful) who exercises all power on behalf As imam, Khomeini considers himself the

only source of legitimacy and legality in "administering the affairs of the faithful." All other governments of Moslem countries are "satanic, illegitimate and illegal." Rulers

By Amir Taberi

"put to the sword and dispatched to hell where they shall roast forever." The Tehran seminar described Islam as "a religion of the poor and the oppressed" that

should serve "as a weapon in revolutionary wars against the rich and the corrupt." Borrowing heavily from the Marxist jargon, the turbaned seminarists portrayed an Islam which "far from being an opium of the masses" would "wake them up from the

sleep of centuries, putting a sword in their hands and sending them into battle against the forces of Satan." Conservative mullahs, now on the losing

side in Tehran, have already spoken of the regime's "drift toward Islamic Marxism." The surface similarity between Khomeiniism and Marxism is truly striking. The mos-

tazafeen (the dispossessed) replace the "pro-letariat" while the "bourgeoisie" appears as the mustakbareen (the rich). The former's iihad (holy war) against the latter, recalls the Marxist concept of class struggle. In Khomeini's jame-e-towhidi (the unitarian society) there would be "no government, no

classes and no oppression."

Even the Leuinist concept of "the party of the vanguard" is retained in the form of Hezb al-Allah (the Party of Allah) which is charged with the task of achieving a world

revolution.

Iran's leftists are angry at the mullahs' adoption of their revolutionary cliches. The urban guerrilla chief, Massoud Rajavi, re-

our language."

Traditionalist Moslems, however, say that Khomeiniism is becoming a vehicle for Communism in Islamic nations. The original hope that Khomeinism would be a religious rampart against leftist ideologies is now seen by conservative mullahs as an illusion.

Moslem masses, even in the USSR's Asian republics, have largely remained indifferent or hostile toward Communism, largely because of its atheistic stance. Khomeir

is now offering "a Communism in which Marx wears the mask of Allah," in the words of Iranian sociologist Nasser Zamani. This is, perhaps, one reason for the un-conditional support Khomeini receives from

most pro-Moscow Communist parties in the Middle East, including, notably, those of Iran, Iraq, Egypt, Turkey and Afghanistan. Khomeiniism, until now confined largely to politics, is fast moving toward opening up purely religious battlegrounds throughout the Males model. It reputates Allah in the Males model is reputated. the Moslem world. It promises Allah's justice here and now, even declaring that the Prophet himself "failed to understand the promise of Islam." It is thus propelling itself

total war against other Moslem governments would be theoretically possible.
Who would benefit from a Moslem world plunged into revolution and religious schism probably for years, if not decades?

into positions from which nothing short of

Ayatollah Mohammad-Reza Golpayegani, one of the top six Shiite authorities and until recently a close Khomeini ally, has warned of "the day the entire Moslem world is plunged into a sea of fire and blood as a

is plunged into a sea of lire and blood as a result of hasty measures."

The end of the 1949 unity edict threatens to return the Moslem world to those centuries of internecine feuds that kept Moslems fighting each other while the West was emerging from its Renaissance and charing emerging from its Renaissance and shaping the Industrial Revolution.

61982, International Herald Tribune.

Letters

Japanese Autos

The demise of the American au-tomobile industry, and the phe-nomenal success of the Japanese,

has very little to do with dumping or trade barriers, which may or may not exist. The fact is that the

Japanese offer a superior product at a price which is far from cheap

compared with the cost of our

When I spend between \$8,000 and \$10,000 for a car, I have the

right to get my money's worth, which is seldom the case with

American cars. The rate of recalls

of Detroit cars, from the cheapest to the most luxurious, has become

a joke, if a sad one. Let's face it: if

the American automobile industry is to survive, it has to do a lot more than point an accusing finger at Japan's trade politices and pres-sure our government into curbing Japanese imports.

Let's start by building a good, comfortable, economical, attractive car which doesn't fall apart.

and has enough guts to get out of its own way! The Japanese are

doing it, and they have been in this

business a lot less time than the U.S. automobile manufacturers.

For that matter, so do the Ger

mans, the French, the Swedes and even the Italians! And, believe it

or not, the British are finally catch



Reagan and the Search for a U.S. 'World View'

WASHINGTON — It's not certain yet, so the White House doesn't want to noise it around. But the Reagan administration is thinking seriously about

having a foreign policy.
You can call it a grand strategy. if you prefer, or a "conceptual framework," or a "world view." Whatever. It comes down to an effort to pull together all the loose strands of U.S. concerns and purposes in East-West relations. North-South relations, the Third World, Poland, Central America, the Alliance, the Mideast — wherever. That is the first, internal step. The second, external step would

be to find a better way to give

By Philip Geyelin coherent and comprehensive expression to what the United States

ing and false starts - a definitive presidential "foreign policy" speech shelved, a "State of the World" message withheld — the president himself. I'm told, has set interagency task forces to work. They are struggling to resolve the inside infighting and reconcile the outside contradictions and cross-

thinks it is up to (and up against) in the world. Both steps are now After 14 months of throat clear-

nurposes: arms buildup with arms control; allied harmony with the

U.S. anti-Soviet hard line; Gulf security with Palestinian grievances; the international implications of domestic economic policy.

In the jargon of bureaucracy, the process is said to be some-where between a National Security Study Directive (NSSD) and a National Security Decision Directive (NSDD), the supposed end product. At the very least, argue participants, this will serve to concentrate the mind, to introduce discipline and order, to refine differences.

But the hope is that it would clear the way for the "lengthy treatment of foreign policy" which

the president could not find space for in January's State of the Union message but promised to "address in detail in the near future."

Exactly what form this might take is not clear. Much will depend on just how much the president and his lieutenants can come to a consensus that would be sufficiently substantive and forceful to rally support, assuage doubts and command respect among all of his di-verse audiences: the American public, allies, adversaries and the so-called nonaligned.

But one possibility now being pushed in some circles at the State Department and in the White House National Security Council staff would be a presidential speech on East-West relations, on the occasion of his European trip

Given the deep divergencies, inside the government and in American public opinion (not to mention with allies), anything definitive would have to entail some heavy head-knocking, a measure of flexibility, some controversy - and

The president has publicly re-sisted the notion that the test of a foreign policy is having one that can be fitted into a single, all-encompassing address.

But proponents of the idea turn the political argument around. If the president is in trouble on foreign policy, they contend, it is because of the way much of it comes across. The press conference intro-ductory statements and selective q's and a's, the short self-serving bursts on talk shows by policymakers with narrow interests to protect, and the set speeches by Cabinet chiefs or White House aides - all these address only bits and pieces of some larger scheme. If there really is one, the Great Communicator ought to be able to communicate it.

01982, The Washington Post.

ing up too. But it is a task for both labor and management to get together and work out a solution, otherwise neither party will be around for very long, while the bread lines will get even longer!

On Evolution Regarding "Against Evolution" (IHT, Murch 10): Perhaps Mr. Stockdell would like to outline his "irrefutable evidence" which states that we were molded from a piece

of clay?
While the Bible was not a bad book; and while religion has cer-tainly served its purpose, the col-lapse of THESE fairy tales and myths -- although still quite a few years away - is simply a matter of evolution, i.e. a process of gradual development. The staid religious resolutions of many inhabitants of our planet are virtually a menace to our progression. Time is ap-proaching where many and most shall be concentrating on living in their present with a view towards their future, occasionally referring

to their past. Such will be progress. It may well be interesting to note that Darwin rejected his own theory prior to his death. It is also interesting to speculate that he did so out of guilt and fear since he, like millions of others then and even now, was indoctrinated at an early age with the belief that if he does not believe, he will go to hell. TERENCE P. BAKER

Nicaragua Aid

Rather than recruit members of

the Green Berets to infiltrate Ni-caragua at a cost of \$100,000 per man per year, the White House could send a doctor, engineer and teacher for the same amount and instead of blowing up bridges, try to build a few across the gulf of economic disparity that separates North and South DAVID D. GREEN.

Santiago de Compostela, Spain.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor," and must include the writer's address and signature. Priority is given to letters that are brief and do not request anonymity. Letters may be abridged. We are unable to acknowledge all letters, but value the views of readers who submit

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April 7: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

1907: Strikebreakers Warned

Anarchist description was distributed on board the ships on which the British strikebreakers are quartered, warning that in the next few days one of the ships will be blown up. It runs: "For several weeks the Hamburg longshoremen have been at war with the capitalist murderers and the robbers of millions. Hitherto the dockers have

1907: Prehistoric Evidence Found

The European Social Security Experience

By Stephen Klaidman workers for every Social Security beneficiary. This is seen as a cause of great concern by critics of the system. In many European coun-

tries, however, the ratio is about

That is because Europeans have

two to one and no one is worried.

In trying to deal with another aspect of the problem, European

governments for several years have

been trying to rationalize their sys-

Numerous approaches have been tried with varying success.

Perhaps the most successful has

been in West Germany, where

tems of cost-of-living indexing.

WASHINGTON — Another Social Security crisis is upon us in the United States. According to the system's trustees, the pension fund will start running out of money late next year and Medicare will be broke by 1991. The 1981-82 recession is the rea-

son the short-term outlook is so bleak. The same thing happened as a result of the 1974-75 oil-inspired recession. Since Social Security is funded by payroll taxes, revenues payrolls are reduced

There has been a great deal of talk in Washington about helping to save the system by reducing cost-of-living increases for beneficiaries. And President Reagan favors cuts in Social Security payments if the political obstacles can

There has been virtually no talk, though, about raising the contributions of either employers or em-ployees. The president believes Americans are already overtaxed. but where are the Democrats?

Mr. Reagan has appointed a bipartisan commission to make recommendations on how to keep the system solvent. It will issue its report late this year, almost exactly 100 years after the first Social Security system was born in Bismarck's Germany.

With that historical precedent in mind, the commission might do well to look to Western Europe, and West Geramany in particular, for solutions to American problems. Many of the short and longterm difficulties facing the United States in this area have already been confronted by Europeans, who have been at it a lot longer. For example, in the United States today there are three active

a greater percentage of their payrolls than Americans for Social Se-curity benefits and they have broader programs. In the United States, only about 17 percent of payroll goes for so-

cial insurance of all kinds, whereas

in the Netherlands, Italy and

always understood, says Joseph Simanis, an economist for the U.S. Social Security Administration, France the figure is around 50 per-cent. The West German figure is "that Social Security is a transfer about 34 percent. from generations that is not meant to be actuarially sound." As a result of this commitment, Europeans, unlike Americans, have faith that Social Security will The ratio has changed in both Europe and the United States primarily because the population is be there to take care of their needs in retirement. A majority of Amer-

> benefit from Social Security no matter how much they contribute. That's a pity, because to sustain the current level of benefits in the United States for the next 75 years would only take a small tax increase — perhaps less than 2 per-cent — which would not put the

icans no longer believes they will

U.S. contribution anywhere near spending on all social insurance programs actually decreased to 24.4 percent of GNP in 1980 from that paid by most Europeans. ©1982, International Herald Tribune

26.5 percent of GNP in 1977. West Germany replaced its traditionally wage-linked indexing formula with a system of ad hoc increases, which ended up on aver-

crease in the consumer price index. Bonn also put ceilings on fees charged by doctors and other health-care providers to keep medical costs down. The main reason Medicare is in trouble in the United States is that inflation in the health-care industry has substan-

age slightly greater than the in-

tially outrun general inflation. Perhaps most important, though, is that the commitment to a high level of income security seems far greater in Europe than in the United States. Europeans pay

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

John Hay Whitney (1904-1982)

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Country

By Henry Tanner New York Times Service DOHA, Qatar - The Arab governments of the Gulf are eager to see Egypt resume its traditional central role in the Arab world once Israel has completed its withdrawal from Sinai on April 25.

But officials here see no spectacular reconciliation with Cairo and no sudden personal gestures or changes in policies. Normalization with Cairo will necessarily be gradual and slow, they say, and may take years to complete.

For one thing, bitterness over what the Arabs regard as Egypt's betrayal of them in signing the Camp David peace accords with Israel is still strong in the Gulf countries, where Palestinians, Syrians and Lebanese by the hundreds of thousands make up a large part of the work force.

More important, President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt has gone out of his way to convince the leaders of the Gulf nations that he will not go back on the peace treaty and the establishment of normal diplomatic relations with Israel. He has also said he will not renounce what he called Egypt's 'special relationship" with the United States.

Mr. Mubarak has won respect in the Gulf for saying the same things to the Americans, the Israelis and the Arabs. He is seen as a man who maintains his dignity and can be tough. His predecessor, Anwar Sadat, was believed by many in the Arab world to have let himself be humiliated repeatedly by Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Isra-

Canny Action When Mr. Mubarak refused last

month to go to Jerusalem, he was given credit here not only for a show of character but also for canny anticipation of an Israeli trap. The visit would have taken place just before the Israelis moved against the elected mayors in the occupied West Bank, leading to an eruption of violence, and this would have discredited Mr. Mumonths, Western diplomats say.

Authoritative sources say Saudi Arabia and the other Gulf nations intend to revive the eight-point Fahd plan for an overall Middle East settlement, which was rejected by a majority of Arab leaders last fall.

Ulster Politicians Denounce Plan of U.K. for Assembly The Associated Press

major factions in Northern Ireland have denounced the British government's plan for an elected assembly. A Catholic leader called it a "futile exercise" and a Protestant termed it a "double-cross." "Britain must realize that nothing short of her total withdrawal

from Ireland will bring peace to our country," said David O'Connell, vice president of Sinn Fein, the IRA's political front.

If the plan announced Monday by Northern Ireland Secretary James Prior is put into effect, assembly elections for 78 members would be held this fall. This part of the country has been ruled directly by London since March, 1972, when the Protestant-controlled provincial parliament was di-Mr. Prior's plan, which is sub-

ject to Parliament's approval, centers on electing an advisory assem-bly to which London would restore limited social and economic pow-

WORLDWIDE ENTERTAINMENT

may have a better chance now, officials in the Gulf region believe. The plan called for Israeli withdrawal to its pre-1967 borders, for the creation of an Palestinian state in the occupied territories and for recognition of the right of all nations in the region to live in peace within their borders. Israel rejected the plan, but the Reagan administration regarded it at least for a while as a possible basis for negoti-

According to reliable sources, the Saudis are contemplating a call for a Geneva-type conference with Soviet and Palestinian participation to take up the Fahd plan, named for Crown Prince Fahd of Saudi Arabia. In 1977, just before Sadat went to Jerusalem to begin his rapprochement with Israel, the Soviet Union and the United States had begun to edge cautioustoward agreement on such a

Potential Role Egypt, officials in Gulf nations

say, would have an important role to play in any conference. This would go far to end their isolation. Gulf Arabs, according to West-

ern diplomats, plan a new diplomatic offensive because they believe that otherwise all political action in the region will be dan-gerously frozen. The Reagan administration cannot be counted on to take any initiative in the Middle East, Gulf officials say, and the talks about Palestinian autonomy are not viable after the recent events on the West Bank.

Arab governments are convinced that Israel, under Mr. Begin, intends to annex the West Bank as it did East Jerusalem and the Golan Heights, and that the first cracks in the Egyptian-Israeli relationship will be caused by Mr. Begin and not by Mr. Mubarak.

A high official in the Qatar Foreign Ministry listed what he called Israeli provocations, including the moves on the West Bank and the Golan Heights, the bombing of a nuclear reactor in Iraq and repeatbarak in the Arab world for many ed air and ground operations

"Mubarak will never revoke Camp David," the official said.
"He will never break the peace treaty. He will not pose a military threat to Israel, will not tamper with the demilitarized zone and will not ask for the withdrawal of the international military force in

Israeli Burden

He added, "But if Begin annexes the West Bank, do you really think that anyone in the West, even in Washington, will blame Mubarak for taking diplomatic action — for LONDON - Leaders of all the instance, by recalling his ambassa-

According to the official, the burden is on Israel, not on Egypt, to prove that it can maintain normal relations with the one Arab country that has made peace with

He added that the threat of freezing the normalization of Egyptian-Israeli relations or the threat of recalling an ambassador even temporarily were means of political pressure that were not available to Egypt before the Camp David accords and that no other Arab nation had ever had. Mr. Mubarak could not fail to use such pressure if Israel continued

residents say they could move back and forth freely. Since the 1967 RAFAH, Israeli-Occupied Gaza war, when Israel took control of Strip — A chain-link fence, 7 feet high and topped by barbed wire, is being erected through the center of this dusty town of 60,000 Palestiniboth Sinai and the Gaza Strip, the town has developed in complete disregard of the old border. Now,

PARIS PROTEST — Thousands of Jews demonstrated Monday in Paris after the slaving

Saturday of Yacov Barsimantov, an Israeli diplomat. The crowd demanded the closure of the

Palestine Liberation Organization's offices in Paris, but Claude Cheysson, France's minister

for external relations, said Tuesday there was no sign of PLO involvement in the killing.

Arab Town on New Sinai Border

Fears It Will Be 'Another Berlin'

under the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty, only Sinai will go back to Egypt, and the Gaza Strip will re-main under Israeli jurisdiction. cuts through yards and winds among houses, separating mer-chants from their markets, farmers The treaty provides that the bor-der coincide with the line estabfrom their crops, fathers from their lished in 1906 by a joint commission of Turkey, Britain and Egypt. As of April 25, when Israel is scheduled to complete its pullback from Sinai, the fence will be the There are still disputes between Isnew border between Israel and Egypt. A single gate will allow serael and Egypt about the precise location of this line — and 15 points along it have not been re-solved — but there is no doubt lected residents with special passes to move back and forth, if they have property on both sides. But for most of Rafah's citizens, the that it went through what is now

Israeli Proposal

the heart of Rafah.

Several months ago, Israel's de-fense minister, Ariel Sharon, proposed redrawing the border around the town to place Rafah cither wholly within the Gaza Strip or wholly within Egypt. His con-cerns were described by officials as both humanitarian and securityoriented. He did not want to demolish houses to make a plowed security strip, but he was said to be worried about terrorists who might infiltrate across a border that would be hard to police if it ran through congested neighborhoods. Egypt refused to redraw the line.

however. If it took all of Rafah into its territory, the argument Palestinian nationalists would have raised a cry over Egyptian annexation of part of what they still call Palestine. If the town had been placed entirely within the Gaza Strip, some Egyptians would certainly have criticized President Hosni Mubarak for giving away Egyptian territory.

The Egyptians did agree to slight alterations of the border to

Abe Fortas Dies at 71; Was High Court Justice

WASHINGTON — Abe Fortas.

71, who became the first U.S. Supreme Court justice in history to court in disgrace 13 years ago, died Monday of a heart attack.

Two weeks ago. Mr. Fortas ar-

OBITUARIES

gued his first case before the Sueme Court since he left it. Shortly before that March 22 appearance. Mr. Fortas said that he would continue practicing law until my clients retire me or the Lord retires me."

Mr. Fortas resigned from the court May 15, 1969, following the disclosure that he had agreed to accept a \$20,000 annual fee from a oned financier, Louis E. Wolfson. Juvenile Offenders

Mr. Fortas had been named to the high court four years earlier by President Lyndon B. Johnson. In his relatively brief tenure on the court, Mr. Fortas established himself as a deep thinker and a staunch member of the predominant liberal wing under Chief Justice Earl Warren.

One of Mr. Fortas best-known opinions while on the court ex-tended to juvenile offenders the right to a lawyer's help and to other protections enjoyed by adults charged with crimes.

Mr. Fortas was a Washington insider long before he became a Supreme Court justice, most notably as a trusted confidant and adviser to Johnson.

said, "definitely not satisfying the security people. We'll try it out and see how it works."

As the fence is built, yard by

yard, the certainty of division so-

idifies. But one uncertainty that

has not yet been removed is the question of what is going to hap-pen to the 516 families who live in

Camp Canada, a slum named after the Canadian UN force once sta-

They have been uprooted be-

fore. They are families that fled in the 1948 war to a refugee camp here. Then in the early 1970s, Isra-

el let them move from the camp to

Camp Canada, where they built

their own houses. Now Camp Can-

ada will be in Egyptian territory, and its residents are Palestinian.

The residents have been told

nothing about their future. But of-

ficials said Israel had asked Egypt

to allow them to stay where they

are. If Egypt refuses, an Israeli of-

ficial said, they will probably grad-

nally move out over the next six

months, be compensated for their

houses by the Egyptian govern-ment and be helped by Israel to

build new houses on a tract of land

"We think the Palestinians on

the Egyptian side should remain

"But if Egypt cannot accept the

idea that they should stay put,

then we're ready to take them back

in northwest Rafah.

and resettle them.

tioned there.

While he was in private law practice, Mr. Fortas was appointed in 1963 by the Supreme Court to argue on behalf of a Florida prison inmate in a case that led to a landmark decision allowing penniless people charged with serious crimes a right to free legal help.

He also won appeals to the court that overturned teachers' loyalty

oaths and established the precedent that an accused person is not criminally responsible if his unlawful act was the result of mental disease or mental defect. Johnson had named Mr. Fortas

to the court to replace Arthur Goldberg, who resigned to become the U.S. ambassador to the United Republicans Balked

Three years after Mr. Fortas took the oath as an associate justice, Warren informed Johnson of his desire to retire as chief justice. Johnson sought to name Mr. For-tas as the new chief justice but Senate Republicans balked. They used as ammunition the

disclosure that Mr. Fortas had been paid \$15,000 from donations solicited by former law partners for lecturing at a summer law school seminar. In the impasse,

The brandy Napoleon did not drink

Warren decided to stay on as chief

Months later, the disclosure of Mr. Fortas' financial link to Mr. Wolfson became public. Mr. Fortas, although denying any wrongdoing, resigned under the threat of impeachment. He conceded that the \$20,000 fee was intended to be the first of a series of annual \$20,000 payments for the rest of his life and, in the event of his death, for the life of his wife, for "continuing services" to the foundation.

Harmonious Relations

Mr. Fortas said the foundation had "tendered" the fee "in the hope that I would find time and could undertake, consistently with my court obligations, studies and writings connected with the work of the foundation ... in the field of harmonious racial and religious

At the time, Mr. Wolfson was serving a one-year prison term for illegal stock manipulation. Born in Memphis, Tenn.,

June 19, 1910, Mr. Fortas graduated from Southwestern College in Memphis and from the Yale University Law School. Before arriv-ing in Washington in the 1930s, he taught at the Yale Law School for four years. He then helped found one of the capital city's most prestigious law firms — originally called Arnold, Fortas & Porter but now known as Arnold & Porter.

Warren Oates LOS ANGELES (UPI) -- War-

ren Oates, 52, who played a series of shiftless drifters and murderous hoodlums in such films as "Dillinger" — in which he played the title role — and "The Wild Bunch," died Saturday of a heart attack. Mr. Oates' most memorable role

may have been the slovenly, Peeping Tom police officer in "In the Heat of the Night," which starred

Bolivian General Appoints Cabinet United Press Inte

LA PAZ — Bolivia's military president, Gen. Celso Torrelio, has named a new Cabinet and said that he wants a return to democracy by 1984. All 18 Cabinet members re

signed Monday, apparently on orders from the military, to clear the way for a new government, and Gen. Torrelio appointed four more civilians, bringing their total in the government to 10.

Gen. Torrelio urged "a constructive dialogue" of social, economic and political forces and said he supported any talks that would result in progress toward restoring a constitutional government by



Abe Fortas in 1965.

Rod Steiger. On television, Mr. Oates honed his bad-guy character in "Have Gun — Will Travel" and as Jack Lord's no-account sidekick on "Stoney Burke."

Jabar Rasulov

MOSCOW (UPI) - Jabar Rasulov, 68, the Communist Party leader of the Soviet republic of Tadzhikistan, has died suddenly, Tass reported Monday.

Alfred G. Ward WASHINGTON (WP) - Al-

fred G. Ward, 73, a retired admiral who was commander of the Atlantic Fleet during the U.S. Navy's "quarantine" of Cuba in the missile crisis of November, 1962, died

Richard Henry ALBUQUERQUE, N.M. (UPI)

 Richard Henry, 52, copydesk supervisor at the Albuquerque Journal, died Sunday. He was a copy editor at the International Herald Tribune from 1970 to 1978. Mr. Henry also had worked for the New York Daily News, the New York World-Telegram and Sun and other East Coast newspapers in the United States. He is survived by his wife, Nina, and two sons, Michael and Pierre.

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decide what constitutes smuggling and what does not. Technically, the mere act of cooking beans in the kitchen and eating them in the avoid cutting houses in half, and the Israelis decided not to demolliving-room is an offense against the laws of contraband." ish buildings; the 130-foot-wide (40-meter) security strip the Is-raelis have bulldozed along the After the 1948 war at Israel's fence stops at the town's edge, narbirth, Egypt controlled both the Sinai and the Palestinian sides. Alrowing to a thin zone as it enters the built-up area. though there were checkpoints in the town — the Palestinian portion "The fence is going to be mini-mal," a high-ranking Israeli officer was in the Gaza Strip, under an **PARIS** but Alexander did. (known as the Great)

the Greek classic

By David K. Shipler

New York Times Service

an Arabs. It slices across streets.

city will be absolutely divided.

one side and one on the other."

"Berlin," said one resident, Ha-

The case of Rafah has put an

odd twist in the conventional im-

ages of alignments in the Middle

East, for it was Israel that pushed

hard for a solution that would

spare the Arab residents the hard-

ship they will now endure, and it

was Egypt that refused to put hu-

manitarian considerations ahead

Modern Rafah began as a small

town in Palestine under the British

mandate, and it grew and spread and spilled over into adjacent

Sinai in the absence of a fenced in-

fully erected by far-seeing trades-

men on the exact boundary," wrote C.S. Jarvis, British governor of Sinai in 1936, "that so far no customs official has been able to

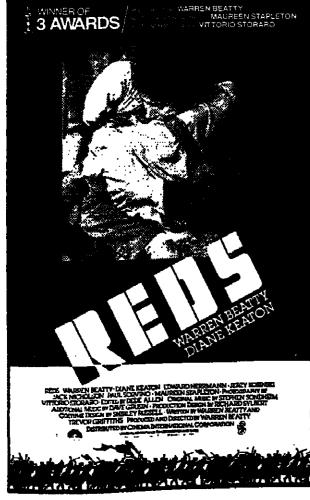
ternational frontier.

tem Nawajha. "I don't want it to be like Berlin, with one brother on

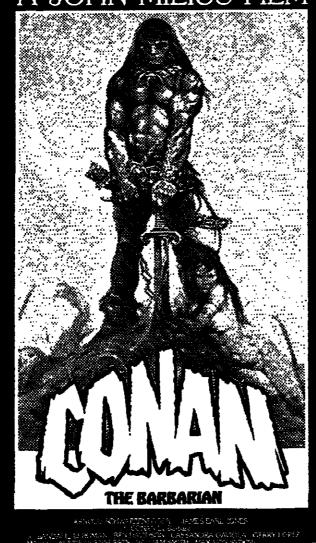
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O.V. GAUMONT AMBASSADE - PARAMOUNT CITY TRIOMPHE PARAMOUNT ODÉON - QUINTETTE ODÉON



DARIS - "L'Etolle du Nord" lights up the screen season and may by its example inaugurate a beneficial turn in French moviemaking. It is not a great film, but its success reflects an appreciation of professional competence in writing, direction and perform-

Based on a Georges Simenon novel, its story captures and retains attention and it provides two popular players, Simone Signoret and Philippe Noiret, with opportunities to which they rise triumphantiv.

The story is one of homicide, greed and lust, but it is not in the detective fiction vein. No pipeputfing Maigret stalks the scene. The identity of the culprit is dis-closed at once. He is a down-atthe-heels Frenchman of the 1930s depression who has tried his fortunes in Egypt and, having come to the end of the line there, decides On his return voyage he falls in

with a dancer of loose ways, and hack in Europe he decides to mur-der and rob a rich man she has seduced on the boat. The down-and-outer crushes his victim's skull with a water jug in a compartment of the "Etoile du Nord" express train and makes off with a saichel crammed with bank notes. He takes refuge with the dancer's family in a Charleroi boardinghouse. charming its elderly proprietress — her mother — with boasiful fables.

The decent, generous landlady develops a penchant for her bloodstained lodger. Her affection for him is not romantic, but a deep, protective devotion. When she earns of his crime, she is at first incredulous, and then she would shield him from the law.

The scenes between the two distinguish the film, though the lengthy introduction to the situation is skillfully managed, always interesting and marked by a wry. eynical humor. The relationship of woman would serve him are beautifully and movingly suggested by Noiret and Signoret and there is useful support from Fanny Cottencon as the bird-brained dancer. the catalyst of the man's moral dis-integration. Pierre Granier-Deferre, though keeping the pace in low gear and taking too long in scoring points, endows the narrative with a binding reality with his intelligent direction.

"Boulevard des Assassins" by Boramy Tioulong is a different kettle of fish. With the best will in the world it is impossible to swal-low most of its extravagant inci-

Arts Agenda

RNA — A new production of Smeta-"The Bartered Bride" will have its first immance April 25 at the State Opera in a ng by Otto Schenk and with designs by ROFI Languittess, Adom Fischer will conduct a cost headed by Lucia Pepp, Singfried Jerusolem, Heinz Zochili, Karl Ridderbusch and Erich Kunz, Luber performances are achieduled for April 28, May 1, 6, 8, 10, 14

PARIS — Mozer's "Coal Fan Yette," in the production of the Nancy Opera stoged by Jean-Claude Aurery and designed by Bernard Amould, will be at the Salle Fevent (Opera Camilgeo) for a total of seven performances from April 17 to 30. Gostev Kehn nonner uren ryen 1/ 10:30. Gester Kehn conducts and the cest is headed by Felicity Lett, Alicia Nafe , Hildegard Heichele, Shen-hard Bueckner, Dale Douing and Richard Van Allen.

LONDON — A new celle concerte by the penish composer Josephin Redrige will be iven its world premiere April 15 of Royal settval Hell by the British cellist Julian Lloyd febber, to whem it is dedicated, with the orden Philhemanic Orchestre, conducted y Jesse Lepez-Cobes.



Simone Signoret, Philippe Noiret in "L'Etoile du Nord."

dents. It may be based on facts. but that is no excuse. As fiction, almost all of it rings ludicrously false and is more likely to evoke sardonic grins than the sought-for indignation with its ridiculous whoop-de-do.

A journalist visiting a Riviera town that is seeking to expand into a luxury resort is troubled by nightmarish happenings and sets out to discover what is what. The community's mayor looks, talks and behaves like an underworld overlord on the rampage. He has an old woman bumped off to acquire the property she has refused to sell him and among the victims of his machinations are a cat, a casino belle, her protector and two adolescent children. He also beats his wife and at the conclusion his goons are moving in on the inquisi-tive reporter who has unwisely confided that he intends to expose the scandals in a novel. With melodrama exploding in

every reel, this lurid movie stub-bornly refuses to come to any recognizable theatrical life. Victor Lanoux plays its oily villain straight, where just touching the role with a seriocomic aspect might have lightened its burden. Jean-Louis Trintignant conveys nothing of the energy and fire of a crusading newsman, suggesting in-stead a languid, frightfully bored dilettante who has strayed by mistake into low company. Only Stéphane Audrian as the badman's long-suffering wife succeeds in di-rect communication with the audience. The others are so many marionettes trapped in a Punch and Judy show about misconduct in

Two German prize-winners have made their Paris debut. "Die Bleierne Zeit," billed as "Les An-nees de Plomb" (The Leaden Time), which won the Golden Lion

at the 1981 Venice festival, is a study of two daughters of a stern Protestant clergyman from whom they have apparently inherited the messiah itch. Electrified by the events of '68, they take to worldsaving, each in her own way.

The first edits a women's political review and the second joins a terrorist gang, is arrested and im-prisoned. The editor visits her siser in captivity and they have long talks as their formative years are seen in retrospect. When news that the jailed woman has committed suicide arrives, her sister suspects foul play and investigates, but a weekly journal of wide circulation to whom she offers her findings rejects her report. Margarethe von Trotta recounts

the case obliquely, probing the differing attitudes of the two women, based on the Ensslin sisters, as a psychologist might, while neglecting curematic possibilities such as the terrorism that brings the second woman to her doom. The approach is serious in its in-tent, but the result is a film of more talk than dramatization. Jut-ta Lampe and Barbara Sukowa are

"Taxi Zum Kio" has been accorded the Max Ophuls prize, though it in no way resembles the polished work of Ophuls.

It was written and directed by Frank Ripploh, who appears in the leading role as a homosexual schoolteacher. His after-school adventures are depicted in the terms of hard-core skin flicks. As Ripploh's screen image is a cross between Rip Van Winkle before he went to sleep and Fagin of "Oliver Twist." it might have been more sagacious to have selected an actor of less extraordinary looks.

His strange appearance adds a sinister note to what he has written, his script being designed not simply as a shocker but as a protest against repression. It exposes graphically the Berlin homosexual Bohemia and voices the problems of its inhabitants, who seem to suffer little repression but deep melancholy. At the end, the Rippioh mouthpiece is despairing contem-plating suicide. George Moore once wrote that God gets all the documentary implies that men get all the men women don't want.

Scottish Ballet Stages 'Romeo'

By Noel Goodwin

Dy Noel Goodwin

International Herald Tribune

GLASGOW — A major new production for The Scottish

Ballet's touring repertory is the evening-length "Romeo and Juliet," with John Cranko's choreography to the Prokofiev music, It is the first time this version has been the first time this version has been staged by a British company. Ar-tistic director Peter Darrell thought it would make a change from his own ballets and suit the dancers in his company, and they appear to have a popular success Cranko, who died in 1973, first

staged the ballet in 1958 for the company of La Scala, but after some changes it found a more lasting home with the Stuttgart Ballet when he became director there three years later. With its lighter, more colloquial treatment of the Shakespeare story than that of the Bolshoi Ballet, Cranko's distinctive style in turn influenced Kenneth MacMillan's Royal Ballet production of 1965, though there are points of contrast as well as

As staged in Glasgow by Georgette Tsinguirides of Stuttgart, it sets the fate of the lovers against a background seemingly given over

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more to carnival gaiety than to family feuding. The swordplay is in the cause of street rivalry rather than fierce hatred, with Romeo and his companions much given to the company of Gypsy girls in the marketplace, and Juliet a dutiful daughter until her ballroom encounter with Romeo stands the world on its head for both of them. Their roles are to be taken in

turn by four pairs of dancers, of which two were seen in Glasgow. In Elaine McDonald the Scottish company has a ballerina of estab-lished international caliber who can touch the heart with the dramatic feeling she conveys through case seemed to be searching for a deeper emotional commitment than the steps allowed though she phrased them superbly.

She might be helped by a more forceful Romeo than Davide Bom-

bana, a guest from Milan whose dancing is pleasantly lyrical though without much character. His alternate, the Australian-born Jonathan Kelly, has a stronger stage presence and more command the Cranko choreography. I would have thought him better matched with McDonald than with the enchantingly vulnerable Noriko O'Hara, whose Juliet be-comes a kind of crushed butterfly between the contending forces of parents and suitors.

Kelly was also the first Tybalt, a smooth lady-killer used to getting his own way, whereas Paul Tyers in the same role had a bullying malevolence that made him more smister. To both of them Vincent Hantam opposed a cheeky, volatile Mercutio whose buoyant dancing was a consistent delight.

Centenarian Growing Teeth

The Associated Press PEKING — At the age of 100. Chinese peasant Luo Shijun is growing new teeth, 11 on top and 16 on the bottom of his mouth, a Shanghai newspaper said. The Wen Hui Bao said Luo, who lives in southeast China's Jiangxi prov-ince, didn't smoke, drink or eat

Cranko's invention is on the whole more successful with the extrovert crowd scenes than intimate relationships — the opposite of MacMillan's Royal Ballet version. The dancers in general respond well to the challenge Cranko set in the ensemble work, and the sets and costumes by Jurgen Rose look attractive, except in Friar Lawrence's forest retreat and an unconvincing tomb scene. Bramwell Tovey, the company's music direc-tor, conducted a spirited, expres-sive account of Prokoliev's music, finely shaded in the quieter scenes but with the strings apt to sound

pf 2 ef2.16 .14b 2.28 10.70 .60 s .80

2.32 SC 1.50 or 3.38 1.10

.20 1.12 1.60 .16 n3.60

1.44 1.44 1.12 1.68

Further performances of "Romeo and Juliet on The Scottish Ballet tour: Edinburgh, April 13-20; Inver-ness, April 27-29; Bristol, May 4-5; and Belfast. May 18-19.

Temporary Unit Planned at Wolf Trap After Fire

The Associated Press
WASHINGTON — Directors of
Wolf Trap National Park for the Performing Arts, whose central pa-vilion was destroyed by fire Sun-day night, say they hope most of 1982's events can be staged in a temporary structure, according to Robert K. Gray, board chairman of the Wolf Trap Foundation. The cause of the fire at the S5-million, 6,500-seat Filene Center is

being investigated. Fire officials have not ruled out arson.

Wolf Trap opened in 1971 in Vienna, Va., about 15 miles (25 kilometers) from Washington. Tick-

ets for many performances have been sold for the season beginning June 8.

Gray said the foundation's board appointed U.S. Postmaster General William Bolger chairman of a nationwide fund-raising drive on Monday. Offers to help rebuild the center were coming in includ-ing a promise from President Reagan to do "whatever we can to see that the show goes on."

'New World' Festival

By Stewart Russell

MIAMI — Three major playwrights, the Israel Philharmonic and hundreds of other guest artists will display their talents in June at the first New World Festival of Arts, an attempt to put Miami firmly on

Renowned for many things, but rurely for cultural initiative. Miami is making a mighty effort to establish its artistic credentials with a three-week musical, theatrical and dance extravaganza billed as the biggest

event of its kind ever staged in the United States.

Tennessee Williams, Edward Albee and Lanford Wilson are all writing new works for the festival. Williams says his play will be called "Now, the Cats With Jeweled Claws." No one knows what it's about. Albee is completing "The Man Who Had Three Arms" ("It's about a man who had three arms," he told a Washington Post interviewer recently), and Wilson, who wrote the Broadway hits "Talley's Folly" and "The Fifth of July." says the action in his nine-character play will occur after a

The festival, June 4 through June 26, will offer 213 performances, concerts and exhibitions, including 27 world premieres, said its executive director. Robert Herman, who came to Miami in 1973 to be general manager of the Greater Miami Opera Association after 10 years at New York's Metropolitan Opera as assistant general manager.

The emphasis of the New World Festival is on the new, and that has

brought some complaints from traditionalists. They believe the festival would have more appeal locally if it included, for example, some works by composers more familiar to the average music lover than Bruno d'Astoli, Michael Colgrass and Leon Kirchner.

But Herman said that, while he wants local people to attend, the festival will stand or fall by its appeal to visitors from elsewhere in the United States, from Latin America and, to some extent, from Europe. The festival budget is coming in part from tourist taxes paid by hotel

guests in Dade County and in part from corporate sponsors. Herman said the festival will break even if it has ticket sales of \$1.7 million. At last report sales totaled about \$300,000.

NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices April 6 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

Market Summary Dow Jones Averages E27.91 335.90 107.55 325,28 Market Diaries NYSE NYSE Most Actives **NYSE** Index Standard & Poors Index AMEX Most Actives Cleso 1272 7 3046 10 1172 15 20 51/2 434 AMEX Stock Index C1100 + 1.24 Close 254J7 Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y. Dow Jones Bond Averages

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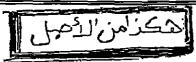
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BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS

Goodrich Expects 1st Quarter Loss

AKRON, Ohio - B.F. Goodrich, the tire and rubber company, said fuesday it expects to report a loss from operations in the first quarter. The company said that, in addition, the devaluation of the Mexican peso will result in a charge of about \$8 million in its first quarter results, but the entire effect of the devaluation on its Mexican subsidiaries will

A&P Says Action on Pension Plan Is Settled

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. said it had agreed in principle to settle a class-action lawsuit brought against its plan to terminate the company's pension program, which had been overfunded by about \$250 million.

The supermarket chain, which is 50.3-percent owned by the Tengelmann Group of West Germany, also said Monday it expected to report a loss of about \$2.9 million for the final quarter and a loss of about \$31.6 million for the full year ended Feb. 27.

The settlement calls for A&P to increase benefits to the pension plan's participants — present employees as well as those who are already retired — by \$50 million. This will allow the pension plan to be terminated and will let approximately \$200 million revert to the company. A&P said the transfer of this money would be offset by using the company's U.S. tax-loss carry-forwards, which exceed that amount.

Hanna Wins Restraining Order on Norcen

CLEVELAND, Ohio - Hanna Mining has won a temporary restraining order in federal court blocking a tender offer by Norcen Energy Resources of Toronto to acquire up to 51 percent of its shares.

U.S. District Judge John M. Manos also scheduled Monday a hearing for a temporary injunction for April 15.

Hanna charged Norcen, three Canadian businessmen and Lehman Bros. Kuhn Loeb with violations of federal and Ohio security laws. Hanna charged that Norcen disguised and misstated its true intentions in the purchase of its shares so it could pursue a strategy of obtaining control of Hanna for below market prices.

Woolworth Plans Store Sales as Profits Slip

LONDON - F.W. Woolworth, which is 52-percent held by F.W. Woolworth of the United States, would like to sell up to 25 stores and an office property, because of unsatisfactory returns, providing sale prices are well above book value, chairman Geoffrey Rodgers said in the annual report Tuesday.

Pretax profit in fiscal 1982 slipped to £38.3 million, including £16.5 million from property sales, from £39.2 million the previous year, which included £2.8 million for property sales.

A spokesman said the 25 stores might bring over £90 million. The money would be divided between possible acquisitions, debt reduction and the expansion of successful stores.

Justice Department Seeks IBM Case Delay

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department has asked a federal judge to delay for one month his hearing into the government's dismissal of its antitrust suit against International Business Machines.

Assistant Attorney General J. Paul McGrath, head of the civil division, said the additional time was needed for the Justice Department to complete its internal investigation into whether the department's antitrust chief, Assistant Attorney General William F. Baxter, should have disqualified himself from the case because of a link Mr. Baxter once had with IBM, but which Mr. Baxter later said he considered trivial and irrelevant to the case.

The department's motion was submitted in New York City to U.S. District Judge David N. Edelstein, who ordered the government to show cause at a hearing on April 19 on why its Jan, 8 dismissal of the 13-yearold case was not improper. Mr. Baxter had dismissed the case, saying it

85% of Thrifts Run in Red, U.S. Reports

associations were running in the red at the end of last year, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board says. The figure, for the last half of

1981, was the worst performance yet for the troubled thrift industry and represented a sharp deterioration over the past year and a half. Industry losses in the six-month period reached \$3.1 billion, double

Fidelity Financial, the holding company for Fidelity Savings, the 15th-largest savings and loans in California and the 27th-largest in the United States, said it is discussing merger proposals with state and federal regulators.

From January to June, 70 per-cent of the federally insured savings associations were paying more in interest than they were earning on portfolios heavy with older, low-interest mortgage loans. The comparable figure for the last half of 1980 was a 35 percent rate of

However the industry over past profitable years accumulated an enormous amount of net worth yhat has helped sustain it since interest rates skyrocketed and turned

the thrift industry was an interest rate of 11.53 percent during the second half of 1981. The average rate of interest earned on mort-gages was 10.02 percent. Associa-tions earned a higher rate on other investments, which boosted earn-

government to inject either funds promissory notes into losing associations to inflate their net worth. But until Congress acts, regulators have been busy taking the worst cases and finding healthy partners to avoid liquidations.

Over the weekend, the Federal Reserve Board reached across industry lines to merge a failing Coa commercial bank holding coma banking company has been together outside New England.

WASHINGTON — Almost 85 percent of U.S. savings and loan

the losses in the previous half.

Meanwhile, in San Francisco,

the industry on its head. The average cost of money for

The total of savings and loans is

bout 4,300. Voluntary and forced mergers have carved away about 5.5 percent of the associations in the past year.

The industry wants the federal

lumbus, Ohio association, Scioto Savings, with the Interstate Finan-cial Corporation of Dayton, Ohio, pany, the first time such a rescue

Stock Prices Close Higher in N.Y.

NEW YORK - Prices on the New York Stock Exchange, after falling most of the day, closed higher Tuesday as upward pressure overcame economic uncertainties and profit-taking.
A New York-area blizzard

forced early closure of most commodity markets, but the stock exchanges operated as usual.

The Dow Jones industrial average, fractionally higher at the out-

set and behind nearly 5 points at noon, closed up 4.00 points at 839.33. The Dow, a 3.24-point loser Monday, had advanced a total of 41.20 points in three straight weekly gains as of Friday.

Advances led declines 723-646 among the 1,798 NYSE issues traded, and NYSE volume was 42.9 million shares, down from the 46.9 million traded Monday.

change issues. The Coffee, Cocoa and Sugar

Exchange the New York Mer-chantile Exchange and the New York Cotton Exchange were among commodity markets closing down early as a result of the blizzard cutting off many major arteries into New York.

Trading in U.S. government securities was halted two hours early and Standard & Poor's Corp. did not open at all Tuesday. Analysis said the market was

pausing to consolidate its recent gains before resuming the advance. Uncertainty about the course of interest rates, the length of the recession and President Reagan's budget deficits continue to hobble rally attempts.

Congressional Budget Office Director Alice Rivlin, agreeing with suggest the recession is bottoming

Mrs. Rivlin singled out as positive evidence statistics showing a drop in the size of inventories, which make prospects for new orders and reorders appear good.

While none of the economic indicators shows that a recovery has begun, historical evidence suggests improvement should occur after two quarters of a recession, Mrs.

The market began to move up-ward when late in the day Bankers Trust cut its broker loan rate to 15 percent from 15% percent. Short-term interest rates have

eased and the nation's money supply dropped in the latest reporting week, indicating the Federal Reserve probably will not tighten up

Interest Rates and Recessions: The U.S. Experience Discount rate on new 91-day Treasury bills and the prime rate, both monthly averages in percent. essions (shaded areas) as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research PRIME RATE TREASURY BILLS

Criticism of Fed Policy Increases As High Rates Hinder Recovery

By Karen W. Arenson New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Until recently, soaring prices unit-ed nearly everyone against inflation and behind the Federal Reserve Board's restrictive monetary policies to lower the inflation rate. Thanks in part to the Fed, inflation has indeed fallen sharply, but so has the economy, while interest rates have remained perilous-

There has developed a growing sense that the Fed has overstayed its course, and many economists both in and out of government profess fear that unless the Fed releases its grip on money and credit, high rates are going to choke off recovery. Of course, high rates are also being attributed to record budget deficits, but interest rates have been more directly influenced

'High interest rates are killing us," said Jay Schmiedeskamp, chief economist for the Gallup Organization. "Right now we desperately need lower rates. That is the one thing every economist would

It is a cry repeatedly being sounded in Congress as well. Rep. Henry S. Reuss, Democrat of Wisconsin, said recently: It is a perfectly simple thing - we are one moment that we are requesting the Fed to turn on the spigots, but only to get off of the super-tight course they are on."

While many analysts seek short-term adjustments in the Fed's position, others say that nothing short of a new way of handling monetary policy is needed. For what is becoming increasingly clear is that there is little the Fed can now do to help bring interest rates down if it continues to embrace its current strategy. In some ways, the Fed appears to have boxed itself into a corner. Let-Up Sought

"They are stuck in the embarrassing position of having their finger in the dike and believing they are the country's last hope," said Robert Solow, a profes-sor of economics at Massachusetts Institute of Tech-

In normal times, the Fed can lower interest rates — at least in the short run — by easing money-supply control. A growing number of economists, including Fed Governor Nancy H. Teeters, the only governor to vote against current Fed policy, believe this would (Continued on Page 9, Col.1)

Crisis Drags Pound To $4\frac{1}{2}$ -Year Low

From Agency Dispatches
LONDON — The British pound

and London Stock Exchange prices continued under severe pressure Tuesday as traders scrambled in the wake of the deepening Falkland Islands crisis.

The pound fell to its lowest level against the U.S. dollar since Octo-ber, 1977, closing at \$1.7495, com-pared with Monday's close of \$1.7667. At one point in the afternoon, the pound touched \$1.7460.

Gold closed firmer in London at \$349.50 an ounce, up from Monday's close of \$336.85.

Later in New York, the price of gold rose suddenly on the Comex on rumors that the Soviet Union had taken some military action relating to Pakistan, dealers said.

There was no confirmation of the rumors. The spot April contract rose \$10.30 to \$357 an ounce, while June rose \$10.20 to \$363.20.

Dealers in London said selling of the pound was widespread, originating largely from the Continent and particularly from West Ger-

"People are concerned that the crisis is also a political one," one dealer said, "and maybe (Prime Minister Margaret) Thatcher will have to go."

The pound weakened against all major currencies, closing at 4,2240 Deutsche marks, from 4,2637 DM Monday, and at 3.4425 Swiss francs, down from 3.4525 Monday.

One dealer said that he had not seen such selling of the British currency for many years. Dealers said they expected the pressure to continue if the current level of tension between Britain and Argentina is

They said the Bank of England moved to support the pound at various levels during the morning, but they were divided as to the extent of the intervention. Dealers said it was not clear whether the

bank was trying to hold the rate against the dollar or the mark. Some said support came as the pound breached \$1.76 and was again discernible at around \$1.7550.

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The pound continued to come under heavy selling pressure in New York, trading at \$1.7515. Diplomatic sources said Britain has formally requested the EEC to

impose sanctions against Argenti-na, and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher Tuesday banned all imports from Argentina. The dollar continued firm against major currencies, aided by an expectation of higher U.S. in-terest rates, dealers said.

The dollar continued to benefit from funds seeking a safer haven and gained ground over most currencies, especially the pound," a

London dealer said.
The U.S. currency closed at 2.4125 DM, compared with Monday's close of 2.4108.
London stock investors panick-

ing over the crisis in the Falklands sold at any price Tuesday, knocking another \$3.24 billion off the value of British industrial stocks. This makes a total of \$7.74 bil-

lion lost on the London stock market since Monday when the British fleet set sail for the Falklands. The Financial Times index no sedived 18.1 points Tuesday in the first 30 minutes of trading and by

midday was down 17.6 points to 542.3 — its lowest this year.
"Fears about physical, financial and political implications of the Falkland crisis are just creating chaos," one stockbroker said. Late in the day, some bargain

hunting pushed up the FT index, which closed at 553. Most sectors showed massive declines. Worst off were tobaccos. leisure industries, construction contractors, metals and fabrications, building materials, stores

state factory managers to do better

than they would otherwise be able

to do without sacrificing Marxist

dogma by introducing free-market

With No Inflation in Russia, Prices Rise Under the Table

By Paul Lewis New York Times Service

BRUSSELS -- M-1, M-2, M-3 or M-anything-else are unknown in the Soviet Union, which does not publish money supply figures and, for that matter, has far different ideas from the West on what con-But Western experts on the So-

viet economy, at their annual meeting here last week at NATO headquarters, heard evidence that the Soviet Union's unpublished money supply may be growing at an extraordinary rate. An accelerating money supply means rising inflation, but the Soviet Union does not have inflation

either - at least not officially because all prices are fixed by the So, instead, high monetary growth is helping create what Gre-gory Grossman of the University of California at Berkeley calls the

Soviet Union's "suppressed infla-tion" — the booming "shadow and black economies," where scarce goods are bartered or change hands only at a "realistic" price that includes a bribe, paid under the counter in cash. The weight of evidence sug-gests that the shadow economy is

now growing relative to the economy as a whole," Mr. Grossman said. This opinion is shared by many other Western experts. Whenever official prices "are

goods in the Soviet economy are available readily only to those able to offer extra cash or some other favor in return. To support his contention that the presses printing rubles are working overtime these days, Mr. Grossman estimated the amount of currency in circulation by ana-

too low there is money to be made," said Peter Wiles of the

London School of Economics, who

calculated that at least half the

lyzing the published data of Gosbank, the state bank, and Stroiboth use double-entry bookkeep-ing, meaning their assets and liabilities must be equal. The banks' main assets are their loans to state companies, which have shown explosive growth. Be-tween 1976 and 1980, the last year for which figures are available,

these loans grew by 27.6 billion rubles (\$36.7 billion) a year on average, compared with an average growth of only 15.6 billion rubles a year between 1971 and 1975. More striking, the rate at which these banks increased their company lending almost doubled between 1979 and 1980, from 25 billion rubles a year to 42 billion rubles. If two of the Soviet banks' prin-

cipal liabilities, private savings de-posits and cash held by state companies, are deducted from their loan portfolio, Mr. Grossman concluded that the resulting figure must be a rough pointer to the banks' third, secret liability — the value of ruble notes and coins in circulation with the general public and the crudest measure of the So-

viet Union's money supply.

According to Mr. Grossman's calculation, the annual average rate of increase in the amount of cash in circulation in the Soviet

NEW ISSUE

Union jumped from 4.5 billion rubles a year between 1971 and 1975 to 12,3 billion rubles a year from 1976 to 1980. In 1980 alone, the Soviet money supply, as mea-sured by this yardstick, rocketed by 28.9 billion rubles, or more than three times the previous year's increase of 8.1 billion rubles.

"The picture presented by these data is one of a sharp increase in the value of goods in the production pipelines simultaneous with a perceptible decline in inventories finished products, in other by inference, of a booming 'shad-Mr. Grossman оw есополну,

By "shadow economy," Western experts mean the illegal economic acts that Soviet managers perform to meet their official plan targets and tolerated by officialdom.

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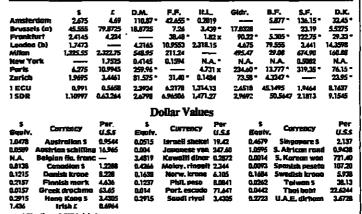
Mr. Wiles's term. These can include hiring moonlighting draftsmen for cash to prepare engineering drawings that state designers would take years to make, or pay-ing bribes for essential raw materi-

Companies raise the necessary cash by such stratagems as padd-ing their payrolls or selling surplus products on the side. By contrast, the "black economy" involves illegal, private business activity con-ducted for personal profit, usually involving theft of state-owner equipment and raw materials.

The increasingly frequent and

CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for April 6, 1982, excluding bank service charges.



principles into the economy, the experts said. Mr. Wiles said that the black economy means "the Soviet economy is slightly more efficient than we think because it is producing more than the official statistics

show. WEEKLY NOTIFICATION

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March 1982

German Banks in Luxembourg Feel Squeeze

Resters
LUXEMBOURG — West German banks operating in Luxem-bourg are facing a tight squeeze on their capital ratios following the February European Monetary System devaluation of the Belgian, and consequently Luxembourg, francs and the currencies continued slide in recent weeks, Peter Reimpell, president of Bayerische Vereinsbank International, said

"It is a matter of increasing concern that balance sheets are being unnecessarily inflated in this way."

The balance sheets of the 29 West German bank operations in Luxembourg are denominated in Luxembourg francs, whose value is pegged to that of the Belgian franc. But in the case of many banks, more than two thirds of their assets are denominated in Deutsche marks and dollars.

Mr. Reimpell, commenting on consider the Luxembourg franc de-his bank's results in the five quar-

ters to the end of 1981, said the bank's total assets rose by 20.1 percent to 86.79 billion Luxembourg franc from the bourg francs (\$1.65 billion) from 72.26 billion at the end of Septem-

But this rise was largely due to the bank's high volume of Deutsche mark- and dollar- denominated assets and when calculated in marks the rise was only 4.1 percent, Mr. Reimpell added. At the end of last December Bayerische Vereinsbank increased

capital by a nominal 250 million Luxembourg francs to one billion in order to provide for the increased volume of business. Share capital is fully paid-in. Mr. Reimpell said the bank had hoped for extra leeway for its cred-it business, but this has been large-

ly wiped out by the fall of the Lux-embourg franc. He said, "We are now back where we started." Mr. Reimpell said he did not

must be some way to isolate the Luxembourg franc from the erratic fluctuations of the Belgian franc."

He said one possibility would be to denominate balance sheets in other currencies, as some Swiss

and U.S. banks choose Swiss francs and dollars, but he added that Luxembourg financial author-ities preferred banks to use the Risk Provisions Increased Mr. Reimpell said the inflating effect on balance sheets of the fall-

ing Luxembourg franc has also

meant German banks in Luxem-bourg have had to increase risk

provisions on credit and securities

business more sharply than would

otherwise have been necessary. His bank set aside higher provisions for losses in the five quarters to the end of 1981 of 836 million Luxembourg francs against 218 million in the previous four quar-

provision rose by 136 percent to 1.54 billion Luxembourg francs from 650 million.

Although there was no real trend towards higher Euromarket margins in the five quarters report-ed, Mr. Reimpell said, Bayerische Vereinsbank International increased its surplus on commission and interest earnings to 571 mil-lion Luxembourg francs from 140 million in the previous four quar-

Mr. Reimpell said the bank was able to report strong earnings on foreign exchange and securities op-erations, enabling the bank to make its higher risk provisions.

Bayerische Vereinsbank International reported a profit of 179 million Luxembourg francs against 81 million in the previous four quar-ters. It is transferring 90 million Luxembourg francs as a dividend to the parent bank, with the rest being allocated to reserves.

All these Bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices April 6
Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

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POSTPONEMENT OF THE NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL **PUBLIC BIDDING**

SALE OF STOCK OF COMPAÑIA NACIONAL DE TELEFONOS S.A. CONATEVAL AND COMPAÑIA DE TELEFONOS DE COYHAIQUE S.A.

Corporación de Fomento de la Producción CORFO (Development and Production Corporation) hereby announces that the public bidding for the following shares has been postponed for June 8, 1982:

- Compañía Nacional de Teléfonos S.A. CONATEVAL
- (National Telephone Co.)
- Compañía de Teléfonos de Coyhaique S.A.
- (Coyhaique Telephone Co.) (Per se and in

245.721 shares (59.93º/o)

4.025.564 shares (80,510/o)

behalf of Entel) Reference terms and other information is available prior payment of \$8.000 (chilean currency) in Moneda 921 Office 822.

Besides, we inform to all the interested parties who already have the reference terms that there is a technical annex to it, available for \$ 7.000 (chilean currency) which can be requested in the above mentioned address.

ve Vicepresident of CORFO, Moneda 921 Office 825 on June 8, 1982 at 11:00 The bids will be opened in front of the interested parties and before the Secretary

The bids should be sent in duplicate, and in sealed envelope addressed to Executi-

General of CORFO, who will bear witness. CORFO reserves itself the right to accept the bids that believes are more convenient or reject all of them without further comments.

EXECUTIVE VICEPRESIDENT

III INDOSUEZ

The Board of Directors of BANQUE DE L'INDOCHINE ET DE SUEZ — INDOSUEZ — at its March 25th 1982 meeting, closed the books for 1981 which showed net profits of FRF 157,228,981.42 against FRF 122,667,560.09 for the previous year, an increase of 28 %.

The Board of Directors will propose to the General Meeting of the Shareholders, summoned for May 27th 1982, to distribute a dividend of FRF 114,888,903-20 which represents an increase of 25 % in comparison with last year's dividend and to allocate FRF 40 million to general reserves.

As at December 31st 1981, the main financial figures for the Bank are the following :

- . total shareholder's equity 1.5 billion . total invested capital 3.5 billion
- total assets and contingent liabilities . 150 billion Moreover, the Board of Directors has approved the new
- Now, eight departments are responsible for the activities
- 1) The following three departments are responsible for the

Bank's customers :

- the International Department, managed by Mr. Alain FELIX, Executive Vice President
- the Domestic Corporate Banking Department, manage by Mr Yves TUAL, Executive Vice President
- the investors Department, managed by Mr Bruno GEORGES-PICOT, Senior Vice President 2) The following three departments are responsible for
- creating, managing and developing customer products: the Lessing and Real Estate Department, managed by
- Mr Gérard BILLAUD, Executive Vice President . the Foreign Exchange and Money Market Department, managed by Mr Jean-François LEPETIT, Senior Vice
- the Corporate Finance Department, managed by Mr François ROBERT-GORSSE, Executive Vice
- 3) Two Service Departments are responsible for the day-to-day running of the Bank : . the Bank Investment Portfolio Department, managed
 - by Mr Jacques THIELLAND, Senior Vice President the Administration Department managed by Mr Georges MAZAUD, Executive Vice President, who is in charge of Human Relations

Other Stock Markets

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DES

By Carl Gewirtz

PARIS — Argentina will do "everything it can" to make sure its difficulties with Britain do not hinder its timely payment of interest to international banks, Dante Simone, Argentina's financial representative in Europe, said Tues-

Argentina has banned doing business with U.K. banks following Britain's imposition of a financial freeze in the wake of Argentina's takeover of the Falkland ls-

As a result, U.K. banks such as Lloyds Bank or U.K. units of foreign banks such as Manufacturers Hanover Trust, who happen to be agents for some of Argentina's \$21-billion of outstanding Euromarket debt, cannot play their nor-mal role of collecting interest and principal payments from Argenti-na for distribution to the other

Theoretically, Argentina can pay each lender itself. However Argentina chooses to do it, Mr. Simone said, "we want to pay the non-U.K. banks...we will do everything we can to try to solve the

Noting that a quarter of Argentina's liquid assets deposited in the Euromarket are held, and therefore frozen, at U.K. banks, Mr. Simone said that Argentina will keep current on its debts "until the last dollar [held outside Britain]" is

A major concern, however, is the

(Continued from Page 7)

help. They say the economy is so weak that faster monetary growth would not touch off renewed infla-

"We still have quite a bit of room to maneuver," Mrs. Teeters

said recently in an interview.

But Fed Chairman Paul A.
Volcker has insisted that as long as

budgetary policy remains expansive the Fed must remain restric-

tive or inflation will take off. The

financial markets have taken this

axiom to heart. Now there is a

widespread feeling that if the Fed

did loosen up, even a bit, interest rates would rise rather than fall be-

cause investors would fear the bat-

The Fed loses either way," said

Louis Perlmutter, an investment banker with Lazard Freres, reflect-

ing a view held by many in the

business community. "If it eases up, the whole concept of fighting inflation goes out the window. If it

doesn't ease up, presumably inter-est rates will remain very high be-cause of a lack of supply of cred-

COMPANY

REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in loca

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Britain

Profits Per Share.

United States

tle against inflation had ended.

'Fed Loses'

Conde Nast Buys Tatler Magazine

New York Times Service
LONDON — Conde Nast
Publications has bought The
Tatler, a British monthly magazine devoted to social news, the arts, features and fashion, with largely upper class reader-

ship, Conde Nast Publications tails of the deal, which it said Monday was settled late Friday with The Tatler's previous owner, Gary Bogard, a wealthy Australian

Conde Nast Publications is a subsidiary of the New Yorkbased publishing house, which in turn is controlled by the Newhouse newspaper group.

impact all this is likely to have on Argentina's ability to raise new money in the Euromarket.

About two-thirds of its estimated 1982 financing of \$3.5 billion remains to be completed and this is likely to be difficult. Syndication of these operations will certainly be made more complicated by the U.K. ban and that alone could be enough to dissuade potential lead managers from readily underwrit-

managers from almost completed \$200-million transaction for the Buenos Aires utility Segba is expected to go forward despite National Westminister's withdrawal from the lead management group. But the status of Gas del Estado, the next scheduled borrower is unclear. At "That would be a tremendous important of the banks bid-"That would be a tremendous important of the provement." He noted that Japan "now allows about one American company in per quarter."

and spending, business profits will remain squeezed and investors will continue to snub long-term bonds.

cial sector are contributing to pri-

vate credit demand that is unusually high for a recession," said Lawrence Kudlow, chief economist for the Office of Management and Budget. "The problem is that we're already getting a class between

private credit demands and gov-

ernment demands, and that is not

supposed to happen until the econ-

omy is well on its way to the peak

Fed officials predicted that in-

flation fears will abate gradually as

inflation itself recedes, and they

see the recession as a temporary

"The recession is a transitional problem," said Stephen H. Axil-rod, staff director for monetary

and financial policy with the Fed.

"Presumably it will be going away

in the next couple of months, and unemployment will come down, as

we move toward more stable ex-

pectations about inflation and begin to undo structural contracts."

But many economists were less

e about the outlook. They

"The great strains in the finan-

Japan Presents Plan On Loans to U.S. Firms

By Hobart Rowen Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — A leading member of the ruling Japanese Liberal Democratic Party Monday floated a trial balloon for the creation of "an economic alliance between the United States and Ja-pan" through which U.S. compa-nies would be permitted to borrow money in Japan at rates "substan-tially lower than in the United

In a speech to the Japan Society in New York, Zentaro Kosaka, former foreign minister and presently chairman of the LDP's foreign affairs research council, ofered this proposal as a practical way of defusing current trade ten-sions between the two countries. The proposal had been expected after reports last week that Mr. Kosaka had discussed such plans with Japanese Premier Zenko

Kosaka said, in response to questions, that the money would be advanced by "private organizations, commercially based," rather than by the Japanese government. The government's position, he said, is that the idea is "interesting" and that he had been com-

ing and business will continue to postpone investment.

Despite the Fed's continued

commitment to controlling the

money supply, its growth has been

anything but slow and steady. Per-haps more important, interest rates

have continued to seesaw around

high levels, and the economy, too, has experienced two recessions in

Roller Coaster

"If you chart the rate of growth f the monetary base, so help me, looks like a roller coaster," said

Beryl Sprinkel, undersecretary of

the Treasury for monetary affairs

Mr. Sprinkel is only one of those

who urged the Fed to adopt its current money management techniques but who are not entirely

happy with the results. They agree

with the Fed's basic strategy, but

many of them believe the central bank has bungled the job. They advocate several modifications

that they think would make the

system work as they desire. One

change, for example, would in-

volve a speedier response by the Fed to variations in the money

others contend that

and a monetarist economist.

Criticism of Fed Rises as Rates Stall Recovery

Mr. Brock said that if Japan permits truly significant entry into its capital markets, it will have "a good impact" on the dollar-yen exchange rate, and hence would act to reduce the U.S. trade deficit.

Asked what a "realistic" rate for the yen would be, Mr. Brock said that he would like to see the yen strengthen to 180-200 to the dollar, compared to the present rate of about 247 to the dollar.

Mr. Kosaka's plan was put for-ward as preferable to liberalization of Japanese restrictions on agricultural imports, which he said would cause political problems for the LDP "and aggravate public senti-ment towards America," or to major boosts in Japan's defense ex-

Mr. Kosaka said that under the plan he was suggesting, no interest rate subsidy would be involved, because the borrowing would be done "at market rates in Japan." Currently, these rates run about 10 percentage points below U.S. rates.

Trade Talks Seen

TOKYO (AP) — Japan will "probably attend" trade talks with the United States. Canada and the EEC before the Versailles summit of seven industrialized nations in

An official of the Ministry of In-ternational Trade and Industry said Japan on Saturday received a proposal from the EEC to hold a trade conference before the sum-

volatility rather than less. Other critics say the solution lies

not in trying to fine-tune the cur-rent mechanism, but in moving away from the dependence on the

away from the dependence on the money-supply measures that are the centerpiece of the system. Frank E. Morris, president of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, for example, has called for the Fed to focus on a very broad measure

of money and credit, such as total

liquid assets, rather than on the

traditional money supply mea-

in that the one thing we are well positioned to control is no longer a

meaningful target for monetary policy," he said in a recent inter-

Still other economists would aim

for more drastic change. Mr.

Schmiedeskamp, for example,

called for a return to the old meth-

ods of affecting the economy by

supply properly, and we can't con-trol it," he said. "So we get this silly situation where interest rates

are just so high that they don't

make any sense. Controlling the

"We can't measure the money

influencing interest rates.

"We are in a Catch-22 situation

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predicted that if the current situation is prolonged, consumers will continue to refrain from borrow-

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Cash Prices

Commodity Indexes

Dividends

Tuesday's

If so, he said Monday, Congress will have to make spending cuts or raise revenues by \$75 billion to \$85 billion to keep the deficit in the year starting Oct. 1.

"We're looking at a difficult job." Mr. Baldrige said at a break-

fast meeting with reporters.
It was the first public acknowl-

official that the projected deficit could go as high as \$126 billion unless action is taken by the administration or Congress.

Asked whether slumps in the

housing, auto and steel industries meant that a major corporation may go bankrupt before the slump is over. Mr. Baldrige replied, "My instincts tell me there'll be one or

He did not indicate which com-panies he believes will go broke, but he came out against bailouts

two somewhere along the line."

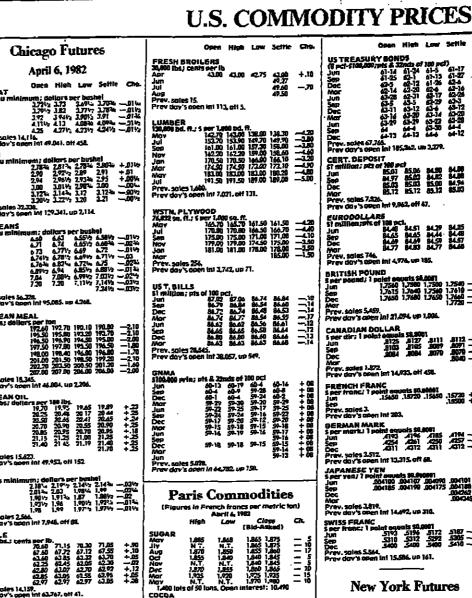
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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices April 6 Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

International Herald Tribune



67.97 67.40 65.62 64.77 64.40 64.90 65.00

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Closing Prices, April 6, 1982

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but he came out against bailouts by the government, as in the case of Chrysler. In 1979, Chrysler won guarantees for \$1.5 billion in federally backed loans, of which it has drawn down \$1.2 billion.

The impact of a major bankruptcy will be less than it was during the collapse of Penn Central Corp. a decade ago, Mr. Baldrige said, because banks have done more to bedge their loans.

said, because banks have done more to hedge their loans.

Mr. Baldrige predicted that the economy will turn around in June, even though the unemployment rate, estimated at 9 percent in March, may rise later this year.

He said, "The big question is the strength and duration of the turns round and that will depend on round and that will depend on what happens to interest rates.

"Unless there is real confidence in the financial markets that ... budget deficits are under control and declining, it's difficult to see how interest rates will be declining. They need to come lower for us to have a lasting recovery -no question about that."

Danes Destroy Sick Cattle

COPENHAGEN — Danish po-lice and veterinarians destroyed another herd of cattle Tuesday af-ter a 13th case of hoof-and-mouth disease was confirmed on the is-

The European Source for Multimarket Finance

UNICO BANKING GROUP is one of the world's largest banking groups. With combined assets of some US S 360 billion and 36,000 offices, it is a one-stop source for guidance to the multimarket capabilities of the member banks: ANDELSBANKEN DANEBANK, one of Denmark's top four commercial banks: CREDIT AGRICOLE. in total assets one of the largest financial institutions in France: DG BANK, one of Germany's leading wholesale financial institutions, GZB, the central banking institution of Austria's Raiffeisen banking organization; OKOBANK. an integral part of Finland's international financial community: RABOBANK, the largest domestic bank in Holland

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Toronto Stocks

Montreal Stocks

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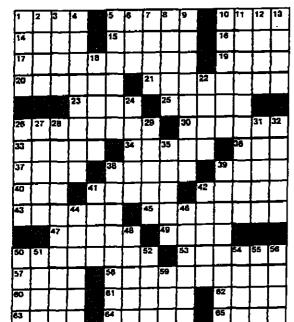
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April 6, 1982

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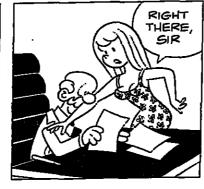
















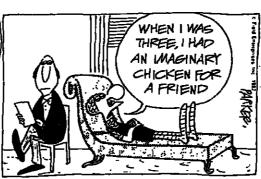












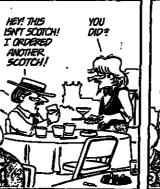












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BOOKS

PSYCHIATRIST OF AMERICA The Life of Harry Stack Sullivan

By Helen Swick Perry. (Illustrated.) 462 pp. \$20. Belknap Press/Harvard University Press, Cambridge, Mass. 02138.

Reviewed by Susan Bolotin

R EADING "Psychiatrist of America" made me feel as if I were sitting front-row center at a psychoanalysis. The surprise was finding Harry Stack Sullivan, one of the United States' most influential and controversial psychiatrists, on the couch. But it is, I believe in implicit homage to Sullivan himself that Helen Swick Perry has set up her fine biography of him in this innovative manner.

Sullivan, who is best remembered for his theory of interpersonal relations, put much more emphasis than anyone before him, including Freud, on the accidents of fate and environment - poverty, illiteracy, racial discrimination, isolation — that directly influence a person's ability to live happily and creatively in meaningful connection with others. Appropriate ly, Perry worries over the details of ullivan's life and world with a meticulousness that some readers may culousness that some readers may find exasperating. For me, however, each telling and retelling of an event made previously unnoticed connections clear, and the book achieved a mesmerizing power. The book's repetitions became the litanies of a long-term psychotherapy, in which the incessant reporting of fluctuating percentions redefine experience.

ceptions redefine experience.

Perry's accomplishment becomes more daring in the light of Sullivan's character. His childhood was bleak and isolated. Born in 1892 to poor Irish-Catholic immigrants living in upstate New York's Chenango County, Sullivan was coddled by his mother and ignored by his father. Local rumor has it that he was the target of attempted infanticide at the hands of his mother. Whatever the case, at the age of 21/2, he went to stay with his maternal grandmother, who marked off the parameters of out-of-bounds

territory with dead spiders.

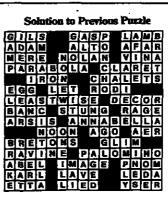
Harry won a scholarship to Cornell, but his transition to college was trau-matic and unsuccessful. His marks were horrendous, and within a year of his matriculation, he reportedly was "charged with using the mails to de-fraud."

Schizophrenic Break

Then the trail of Sullivan's life disappears for two years, during which time Perry believes he suffered a schizophrenic break. He reappears in 1911, as a student at the Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery. Again he did badly — his only "A" was in toxicology. a remarkable coincidence for someone fascinated by suicide and homicide — and no record of his graduation exists. He enlisted in the Army, where he falsified his records. He ran out on his father's funeral because he couldn't pay for it; he even-tually filed for bankruptcy. Many people remember him as "a with-drawn and cantankerous drunk." His companion for 22 years was an ex-patient, a man 20 years his junior. When Sullivan died in Paris in 1949, it

was as a possible suicide. Sullivan's life might not have in-spired confidence in him as a therapist. And yet, his intimacy with the thin space between creativity and despair gave him an insight into the minds of the seriously ill.

While at Sheppard and Enoch Pratt Hospital in Towson, Md., where he accomplished his most important clinical work, he demonstrated an uncan-ny ability with schizophrenics. He liked patients; he became their advocate; he believed they could be helped. His emphasis on the environmental influence on mental health made him particularly sympathetic to



the disadvantaged. He lobbled for preventive psychiatry. He helped or-ganize the Washington School of Psy-chiatry and the journal Psychiatry, both devoted to the notion of an integrated social psychological approach. After Hiroshima, he worked with other pacifistic social scientists to develop a psychiatry to end war.

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Perry, who studied with Sullivan before becoming the managing editor of Psychiatry and then chief editor of his posthumous books, is a biased observer. She waffles on Sullivan's sexuality, only admitting that others had "direct knowledge" of his bisexuality. She's defensive toward his detractors. Still, she carefully places Sullivan's analytic accomplishments within the context of his troubled life. And she acknowledges Sullivan's teachers and colleagues — William Alanson White. Clara Thompson (and through her Adolph Meyer and Sandor Ferenczi), the anthropologist Edward Sapir and the political scientist Harold D. Lasswell — who helped him to clarify his

"Psychiatrist of America" is, how-ever, as its title suggests, as much a work of interpretive geography as it is an intellectual biography. Just as Freud was a product of Europe, Sullivan was distinctly American. He knew firsthand the frustration and sadness behind the American dream, but he never lost his optimism in the possi-

bility of change.
Sullivan had "no patience with the conventional dodging of the personal and insisted that contributors to Psychiatry avoid using the editorial "we" or the impersonal "one." So perhaps I should say that the process of reading "Psychiatrist of America" was a rare treat for me. I am grateful that Perry wrote such a kind book, for it taught me not only about a man and his world, but also about myself.

Susan Bolotin is on the staff of The

Best Sellers

The New York Times This list is based on reports from more than 1,400 pookstores throughout the United States. Weeks or FICTION

1 THE PARSIFAL MOSAIC, by NORTH AND SOUTH, by John MARCO POLO IF YOU CAN, by William F. Buckley Ir.
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I JANE FONDA'S WORKOUT
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A FEW MINUTES WITH ANDY
ROONEY, by Andrew A. Roosey 2 17
A LIGHT IN THE ATTIC, by
Shel Silverstein 3 22

WHEN BAD THINGS HAPPEN TO GOOD PEOPLE, by Harold S.

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

IN the final days of 1981 the battle for the McKenney Trophy, awarded to the player winning the most master points in a year, was between Mel Skolnik of Newport Beach, Calif., who won, and Barry Crane of Holly-

scrambling for points, and Skolnik's chief of staff, Ron Andersen, was regretting some of his own exploits. Ear-lier, before Crane's challenge to Skolnik's lead had become serious. Andersen had helped Crane to win many points. On the diagramed deal, play-ing together in Syracuse in August, they were on their way to victory in the open pair championship.
Crane opened a trifle light, as is his wont, with one spade. Thereafter An-

dersen not unnaturally pushed him into a shaky slam that seems unmak-

able with the clubs lying badly. But Crane made it. He won the opening trump lead with the king in dummy and immediately led a low club. In some situations this might have induced East to win with the king. As it was, he put up the jack, a normal play, but fatal as it

turned out. Crane now had a clue to the position of the club king. Another trump lead was won in the closed hand, and the heart jack was finessed successfully. The heart winners were cashed, and a club and a diamond were discarded. Crane could now reasonably assume that East had begun with 2-2-6-3 distribution, and he found the right road. He led the diamond queen, covered by the king and ace, and ruffed a diamond. He ruffed a heart and drew the missing trump to reach this position:

EAST

٥J

♣K4

NORTH NORTH **◆K63 AVK18** ♦Q ♣AQ862 ġ... **♣**AQ8 WEST EAST WEST **▲Ji**69 ♥Q108762 ♥54 △ Ø 10 ♦KJ10983 SOUTH (D) SOUTH **≜**AQ872 **4**2 ♦A642 **♦6**. **₽**753 **4**7

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding: South 1 ♠ 2 ◊ Pass Pass 2♣ 2♡ Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass 5N.T. 6♠ West led the spade jack.

When the last trump was led and dummy's club eight was thrown, East was squeezed in the minor suits. Notice that inspired defense would

have beaten the slam. East could have played low on the second trick, allowing his partner to win and play another club. But who would think of that in the heat of battle?

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LEXOTES

T at my

By Rob Hughes

nal Herald Tribion LONDON - As British warships were being loaded for hostilities against his nation, little Osvaldo Ardiles was standing on the most traditional of English grounds, arms aloft in an emotional salute to English voices chanting

his name last Saturday afternoon.
"One Ardiles . . . There's only

The praise reverberated around Villa, a monument to soccer's Victorian roots. In one

SOCCER SCENE

sense, it was wholly accurate. You could go half way around the world and not match the perspicacity with which Ardiles produced the master stroke by which Tottenham Hotspurs, his English club, won yet another cup semifinal.

That, in the simplistic way some view things, is all sport should be
— a maestro on the field receiving a winner's acclaim. But Ardiles, of all people, knows life is more com-

There is another Ardiles to the Tottenham hero. There is Osvaldo César Ardiles the law graduate, owner of 700 acres of farmland in Argentina, son-in-law of a political colonel; and himself a young man whose political awareness and patriotic commitment has been far more consciously held than those of most of the world's athletes.

Prac

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Defid

. Wor

. . . .

He has never been afraid to turn conversation from soccer to politics — and his politics, when it comes to territory, are those of a true Argentine. On the other hand, in the past month he has been seen by many to jeopardize his World Cup plans with public condemnation of his country's military lead-

Saturday, the inner Ardiles was

Elter Downs McNamara, Lendl Gains in Monaco

MONTE CARLO -- Peter Elter of West Germany scored the first upset of the Monte Carlo Open tennis tournament with a 6-3, 6-2 first-round victory Tuesday over No. 5 seed Peter McNamara of Australia. Top-seed Ivan Lendi of Czechoslovakia, meanwhile, de-feated Pedro Rebolledo of Chile,

All other seeded players advanced. No. 2 Guillermo Vilas of Argentina whipped New Zealander Chris Lewis, 6-1, 6-1; No. 3 Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina ousted Italian Gianni Ocleppo, 6-2, 7-5; Hungarian Balazs Taroczy, the seventh seed, posted a 1-6, 6-4, 6-4 triumph over Romanian Ilie Nas-tase; No. 6 Yannick Noah of France defeated Australian Rod Frawley, 6-1, 6-2, and No. 8 Thornas Smid of Czechoslovakia downed Mario Martinez of Bolivia 6-1, 6-3.

in turmoil. He remained in the locker room until the last possible moment, tormented by phone calls from his family in Argentina ask-ing him not to play for Tottenham, and perhaps by the anticipation of an alien British reception.

When he did emerge, Totten-

ham's fans greeted him rapturous ly. A banner proclaimed: "You Can Have the Falkland Islands if We Can Keep Ossie." But, as he feared, a low, persistent ill will from a faction of the 47,000 crowd accompanied his every touch.

He began with a nervous, wretchedly misplaced pass. He forced himself to concentrate, to perform without the fluidity, without communicating the love of There were, I suspect, a minority playing, that is his trademark. Yet in Saturday's crowd who knew after an hour's stalemate, Leicester allowed him the freedom of their defensive lines — and Ardiles turned and delivered a stunning pass to create the winning goal. So he became the hero in adver-

He left the field reluctantly after what perhaps, we all suspected, was his last time on British soil. We would hate that, because Ossie Ardiles is one of the most honest and astute players we have seen. He has educated us, improved beyoud recognition Glenn Hoddle, the young inspirational English-man with whom he shared mid-field creativity, and left us with 150 games and four years of sustained pleasure.

Within 24 hours of the game at Aston Villa, at the very hour the British armada was sailing on the high tide, Ardiles was in the air over Buenos Aires, about to land and join his countrymen's prepara-tions for the World Cup. "I must put country before club," he had said long ago. "More than any-thing, I want to fight with my country to win again the World

The departure had been prearranged. Ironically, as he went, Tottenham was naming Ricardo Villa, the Argentine who joined the club with Ardiles in 1978, to replace him in this week's European Cup Winners Cup game against Bar-

Ironically too, the corridors of Parliament were filling to the sound of calls not only to blast the Argentines out of the sea around the Falklands, but also to ban them from defending the World Cup. Failing that, some MPs want England to boycott the competition, although by Tuesday indica-tions were that this time sport is not going to be the arena where political wrath is satisfied. However, although it was sad in-

deed to hear that Ardiles' last hours in Britain were spent behind a security screen after threats to him, his family and their luxury home outside London, was he not a legitimate target for those at Vil-la Park who showed their displeasure throughout Saturday's match?

diles was given, as are most Argen-tines, to demanding that the Falklands be handed back had decided that in his hybrid professional situation his past comments should not be dragged up now. He, while in England, was sticking to the best thing: No comment.

نامازنی

'Our Flag Flying'

But once he landed in Buenos Aires, he was being reported as saying again that he fully supported the Argentine capture of the Falklands: "It's great to have our flag flying there after 149 years. Most people in England don't even seem to know where the islands are. A lot don't seem interested."

precisely the issues at stake, who possibly knew Ardiles previous olitical statements and who saw in him, the best known Argentine in England, an incongruous conflict of interests.

Afterwards, his protective club manager, Keith Burkinshaw, blamed the opposing team's fans for their "disgusting" disparagement of Ardiles. on how the situation develops.

Again, the sportsman oversim-plifies. From where I sat, the booing came not from the opposing fans, but from the stands where frankly uncommitted business clients and the well-to-do often get hold of prestigious cup match tick-



Osvaldo Ardiles

ets. Their constant abuse was insensitive to a sensitive athlete, it's true, but Ardiles represents a prime example of these times of unprecedented international movement of sports people, times in which sport and politics are inevitably intertwined.

Ardiles, a man far more easily recognized than most British players, never mind some remote military junta colonel in South America, must accept that if it is his right to make political observations on the public platform his sporting prowess builds then speciators, too, are entitled to let him know their opposition. That said, I hope the little man

mits that is now unlikely. And after the World Cup? "Tottenham wants me back," he says. Indeed, he has renewed his contract for one year. "But I don't know what I will do. It will depend

By James P. Sterba

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — Torrential rains

delayed it for three days, but had little else to do with a historic colli-

1962, when a sphere nine and one-

fourth inches in circumference and

who had spent most of his life as a

was unique, in that it was the last

Bearing Down

It was bearing down on a man

what he attempted to do in less

is allowed to play for Spurs again.

He had negotiated his release for May's English Cup final, but ad-

Umpire John Kibler and Cincinnati Manager John McNamara had a few words just before the Cubs-Reds game was called off after eight innings because of rain. Chicago won the opener, 3-2.

Physics: Baseball's Infinitely Variable Pitch

Dr. Paul Kirkpatrick, a retired the better his chances of intercept-

professor of physics at Stanford and a specialist in optics (he re-

mains a keen observer), calculated

the misplacement of the cylinder

and in The American Journal of

Physics (Vol. 31, No. 8), described

the outcome of one of history's most dramatic World Series:

"In baseball, the vertical coordi-

nate of the bat at contact is both

important and hard to control.

Most strikeouts result from its

mismanagement, and the 1962

world championship was finally determined by an otherwise per-fect swing of a bat which came to

the collision one millimeter too

The organization not transfer-

ring the world title that day in

Candlestick Park was the New

The series was tied at three

ames apiece, and the Yankees led

York Yankees.

high to effect the transfer of title."

Cubs and Orioles Win; Others Weathered Out

CINCINNATI — Major league baseball opened Monday with rain in Cincinnati, 45-degree temperatures in Baltimore and bad weather around the country postponing the start of the season for several

The Chicago Cubs beat the Cincinnati Reds, 3-2, in a National League opener shortened to eight innings by rain, while the Baltimore Orioles began the American League schedule with a 13-5 victory over Kansas City.

Postponed at least one day were openers scheduled for Tuesday in Milwaukee (against Cleveland; heavy snow forecast), Detroit (against Toronto; cold). Chicago (against Boston: snow, high winds). Pittsburgh (against Mon-treal; heavy snow forecast), Philadelphia (against the New York Mets; rain, cold) and New York (the Yankees against Texas; snow).

announcers speak of when they

babble such things as, "Boston has

ics in baseball," said Dr. Albert G.

Hill, a retired professor of physics at the Massachusetts Institute of

Technology. But the use of the

word momentum is not one of

"We physicists invent a good word of our own and the sportscasters wreak havor with it.

We mean mass times velocity.

They mean hot streak. It's tragic

Mass times velocity. The ball's mass is constant. Its initial veloci-

ty, say 90 mph, is imparted by the

pitcher, resulting in kinetic energy

and momentum. Meanwhile, the

bat has an equally constant mass

and a velocity, say 70 mph, impart-

some of the bat's energy is trans-ferred to the ball, can be messy.

Some of this energy, perhaps five to 20 percent, is transformed into

heat and is immediately lost. The

ball flattens out against the bat to

perhaps half its normal diameter. The bat flattens slightly, too. Still

more energy can be lost to excess

antinode - which is what has hap-

vibration if the ball hits the bat's

pened when the bat stings the

The amount of energy conserved

coefficient of restitution, which is

a measure of its resiliency — or how much it bounces back off the

bat (not counting the energy trans-

the ball is determined by its

The ensuing collision, in which

and it gets on my nerves."

ed by the batter.

batter's hands.

"There's a lot of very good phys-

obviously lost its momentum.

implements.

Leading off the first and second innings, respectively. Cub new-comers Bump Wills and Keith Moreland hit home runs to help make Manager Lee Elia's a successful debut.

Moreland also accounted for the third Cub run with a bases-loaded single in the eighth inning that scored Larry Bowa, another of five new starters in the Chicago lineup.

Doug Bird earned the victory by

giving up only five hits and one run through the first seven innings. "I was shocked at Wills' ho-mer," said Elia. "It all happened so quickly. Here we were, a bunch of renegades from all over the place, and bang — all of a sudden we're up 1-0 and the juices were

Four Oriole home runs — in-cluding first baseman Eddie Murray's fifth career grand-slam - accounted for most of the damage against four Royal pitchers.

Rookie Cal Ripken Jr., who also had a single and double, crased a 1-0 deficit with a two-run homer in the second inning. Gary Roenicke hit a bases-empty home run in the third, chasing starter Dennis Leonard, and Dan Ford hit a three-run golf, which employ flat-surfaced homer in the seventh. Frank White drove in four Kansas City runs with a three-run homer and a sin-gle and George Brett added a bases-empty home run.

The Municipal Staduium atten-dance of 52,034 was the largest regular-season crowd in Oriole his-If the trajectory is satisfactory, how far the ball travels after being hit depends mostly on its momentum - not the same momentum

Umpires Pact

NEW YORK (AP) - Umpires and major league baseball agreed Monday to a four-year contract that raises umpires' top salary to \$75.000 a vear. Richie Phillips, attorney for the

umpires' union, said the pact calls for increases of 40 percent in the first year and 60 percent over four years. For example, an umpire who earned the \$18,000 minimum last year would make \$26,000 in 1982 and \$37,000 in the final year of the contract, he said.

In addition, league presidents now have the power to assign umpires to the playoffs and World Series on merit rather than on a simple rotation basis.

Standings

Pct, GB 1.000 — .000 V .000 V .000 V .000 V

ferred from the bat). Fleeced

Current standards set down by the American and National Leagues require that a ball with an ry depends on the impact angle of the bat and ball, both of which are ond rebound off a hard surface with 54.6 percent of its velocity intact, for a coefficient of restitution (the square of the rebound velocity divided by the square of the original velocity) of 0.57.

That is, at first, mysterious in light of a 1943 National Bureau of Standards research paper (No. 1624) that put the coefficient of restitution of tested balls at 0.41. It suggests today's balls are livelier, although league officials insist the specifications for resiliency have not changed.

Baseball historians contend the coefficient of 1943 was an aberrant result of the Allied consumption of top-quality wools during World War II, during which the major leagues had to settle for inferior fleece.

Major League

Monday's Line Scores

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110 000 01—3 10 800 000 11—2 7 Bird. L.Smith (8), Hernandez (Mareland: Solo, Shirley (8), Kern Travino, W—Bird. 1-0. L.—Solo, 0-1. Chicago, Wills (1), Mareland (1).

were, a physicist would recount later, 26 ways to fail; McCovey ... The inner man tormented. avoided all but one of them. Many of us who knew that Ar-Save up to 50% Subscribe by April 30*

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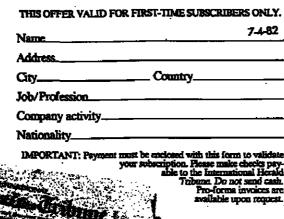
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perpendicular to the ball's flight path. That amounts to an arc window of about two feet through which a 90-mph fastball will pass in about 15 one-thousands of a second. Where the bat must be and what it must be doing in order to collide successfully with the ball, Kirkpa-

The other day he translated

"In his control of any one of

in either the positive or the nega-

tive sense," wrote the professor,

"so it appears that he is faced at

How the bat gets there, of

course, is through muscle-applied

torque at the shoulder, elbow and

wrist joints, in addition to the an-

The ball's post-collision trajecto-

round. That makes directional de-

sires much more difficult to fulfill

in baseball than in, say, tennis and

Transactions

gular velocity of the rotating torso.

"Incidentally," said Kirkpatrick, "these things must be done in hos-

tile surroundings, at appreciable

personal risk, under an intense feeling of individual responsibility

and often subject to high-level acoustic annoyances." The profes-

sor considers no hit games exercis-

nitory, the bat — a cylinder turned on a lathe from a log of white ash (Fraxinus americana) — must col-lide with the ball within a horizon-

tal arc of not much more than 15

degrees in front or behind the

point at which the bat would be

For a ball to be hit into fair ter-

es in boredom.

the San Francisco Giants, 1-0, in the last half of the ninth inning in the final game. There were two outs and runners on second and trick wrote, involve four coordinates, each with three variables in third. With the count one strike three-dimensional space. They are: and one ball, McCovey lined a Three positional coordinates for Ralph Terry pitch toward right-center field. But Bobby Richardthe center of the bat's mass, three son, the second baseman, jerked his glove high over his head just in coordinates of directional orientation, three coordinates of linear momentum and three coordinates time to snare the ball for the of angular momentum.

game's final out. What Kirkpatrick's slide rule those factors as where the bat is, told him was that McCovey's bat its direction, how fast it is moving needed to collide with the ball one millimeter lower so that the upand, least important, its rotation on its own axis. Total variables: 12 ward angle of the ball's trajectory in space, one in time. would have carried it a foot or two higher and thus out of Richardthese variables, the batter may err son's reach.

Kirkpatrick recently remarked that he and many fellow physicists champion the cause of the club the outset with 26 roads to failwielder in trying to achieve a colli-sion over the sphere wielder, whose bodily contortions in trying to avoid it are generally agreed to be extremely devious.

No Reflection

Timing, for example, is but one component of the pitcher's armamentarium. It takes an average pitch less than half a second to get to the batter. Nolan Ryan's record 100.9-mph fastball (Aug. 20, 1974) took only about 0.38 seconds.

So there is precious little time for reflection on the part of the batter, who must see the ball, predict its trajectory and instruct his body how and when to move in order for his bat to arrive at the right position and at the right time. All that should be achieved in the first one-fifth of a second of the ball's flight - before it is roughly halfway to the batter because it takes about one-fifth of a second more for the batter's body to implement his instructions. The longer a batter waits, however, the better his knowledge of the ball's flight path, and thus

BASSEALL
American League
CALIFORNIA—Released Fred Pateix, shortston, and Bill Castro and John D'Acquisto, pilchers. Placed Bill Trovers, pilchers on the 31-day discibled Itsl. Optioned Jeff Schneider, pilcher, and Tom Brunonsky, purifielder, to Spokane of the Pocific Coast League. Assignment Coast League. Assignment Coast League, and the protest. Designated Lynn McGlotthen, pitcher, to reasts. Designated Lynn McGlotthen, pitcher, to the Coast League.

Motioned Rusty Kuntz, outfielder, to Edmonton of the Pacific Coast League.

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The Compassion Test

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — One thing that angers people at the White House are charges that Precident Reagan has no compassion. There is a campaign afoot to illustrate that he does, too, have compassion, and in his news conference recently Reagan went out of his way to act and talk like a man with

COMPASSION. From my television examination of him l would have said, if asked for a professional opinion. equate supply of compassion. Of course, my conclusions may be

that he has an ad-Baker distorted by the fact that I was eating liver with

onions and macaroni and cheese. I was deeply impressed by the fact that the president smiled at me. Perhaps it was my personal antipathy to liver and onious coupled with macaroni and cheese that led me to judge that he was smiling a smile of compassion.

case is not strengthened by its regraceless prose. fusal to submit the president for guished colleague in presidential qualitative analysis. Dr. J. Finney. could settle the matter.

So far the White House has not replied to his offer to accept Reagan for analysis. Perhaps it remembers the extraordinary result of his examination of De Gaulle. I had been called in by French

authorities to quiet accusations that De Gaulle had very little compassion, and was so astonished by my data that I called in Finney.
"My tests show not a single milligram of compassion." I told him as we worked over De Gaulle's prostrate form. "Is that possible?" "There must be another quality

so overpowering that it has ejected all the compassion." Finney said. "Let's try to isolate it." I was astonished at the sub-

stance we distilled. "It's arrogance. Finney!" I exclaimed.
"No, not arrogance," he said. "Look more closely in the microscope and I think you'll agree with me. It's grandeur.

Thus the world learned about De Gaulle's grandeur. The general was so delighted that he began a long career of carrying on like an

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earl and made life insufferable for

other world leaders. After Reagan's news conference phoned Finney to ask if he thought the president had shown symptoms of grandeur.

"Not grandeur." he said, "Just a self-centered notion that he's more qualified than Washington correspondents are to run the country.

The president refuses to undergo tests for compassion because he is afraid of our methods. However, I have subjected such men as the late Robert F. Kennedy and the present Henry A. Kissinger to them without harmful results. Kennedy came to me when he was troubled by charges that he carried an overload of ruthlessness.

He wanted the issue scientifically tested. "I want the truth with the bark off," he said.

Such testing can be done right in my office. Or, more accurately, in dungeons under my office. where I keep my large staff em-ployed concocting ideas for newspaper columns, plagiarizing other columnists' work and turning out highly polished essays. Periodically I go down among these sluggards and whip them with a knout when Nevertheless the White House's they lapse into slovenliness and

To test Kennedy I took him scientific examination. My distin- down with me and when I had worked my way through half the staff I said, "My arm's exhausted. Do you want to finish beating

"Not especially," Kennedy said.
I certified him "not ruthless."

Some years later Kissinger came in. "People say I don't feel anguish about the sufferings my policies are causing in places like Vietnam and Chile." he said.

"And you do feel anguish?" Am I not a secretary of state? If Moscow double-crosses me, do I not feel anguish?" "We'll see about that," I said, and took him down to the dungeon

with my knout. "What are you feeling, Mr. Secretary?" I asked.

"Anguish." he said. No further tests were necessary.
If Reagan showed no compassion we would need Finney's more precise examination to identify his contents, but he would surely find the discomfort a small price to pay for settling the compassion issue

once and for all. New York Times Service

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An 'American Family' Revisited

By Scott Kraft The Associated Press

SANTA BARBARA, Calif. — Once upon a time, Bill and Pat Loud lived with their five teen-agers in a stucco ranch house on a scenic mountain drive. Out back was the heated pool; the Jaguar, Volvo and Toyota were parked in the driveway: an American family living the American dream.

The fairy tale took a nasty twist a decade ago. The Louds' marriage crumbled and the family shattered in front of a nationwide television audience. It happened the American way - at 9 o'clock Eastern time, 8 o'clock Central, on public television.

They were "An American Family," their glossy but troubled lives played out in a living soap opera. The real-life documentary of the Loud household, filmed over seven months of 1971 and aired for 12 weeks in-1973, became as analyzed and criticized as any show in U.S. television history. The Louds appeared on talk shows. They were examined in the public prints.

Surprise Ending

The surprise ending comes now: The Louds have turned out just line, Bill and Pat have made new lives for themselves on opposite coasts. The children are on their own

Once accused of being a family that "touches without meeting and meets without touching," the Louds now keep in touch with each other more than many families similarly spread across the country.

But the days when the cameras were re-

cording their every move are not forgotten. For the viewers, it was like transom-peeping. Pat Loud's concern for her homosexua son, Lance, was apparent when she visited him in New York and the cameras followed. Lance took her to a play (the actors appeared in drag) and later they had a long talk. He told her that he felt "like a little mouse trapped in a box" at home.

Pat and Bill's marriage, marked by verbal iousts, began to fall apart. She decided to get a divorce. She gave her reasons in a talk with her brother and sister-in-law in episode eight.

In episode nine came the breakup.

Viewers saw Pat Loud boot her unfaithful husband out of the house, and Bill try to get his attorney to keep the divorce settlemen low. They saw Lance take up the homosexual life in New York. They saw his brother Grant, balk at getting a summer job and wreck a family car. They watched Delilah talk for hours on the phone, pursuing her first true romance. Kevin was becoming a high school politician. Michele, the youngest,

was a quiet girl of 14 who loved pets.

Today, the Loud children are making their father prouder than he ever expected. "At one time I was uncertain about how anybody was going to turn out," Bill said in a recent interview. "It was dangerous in that house." Bill. now 61. remarried in 1977 and lives in a suburb of Santa Barbara. He still heads his

mining supplies firm from the office that appeared on the television series.

Pat. 55, lives in New York and is a writers' agent. She has not remarried. Lance, 30, plans to graduate in June from

the School for Television Arts in New York. Kevin, 29, has a master's degree and is a finance manager for a petroleum company in Houston, Grant, 27, lives in Los Angeles, writes and performs music, and works part

Delilah, 26, is a commercial producer for an advertising firm in Los Angeles. Michele, 24, is a pattern maker in New York's garment district.

Craig Gilbert, producer of "An American Family," who lives in Malibu, Calif., is developing feature films.

Gilbert had theorized that if a camera stayed with any one family long enough, "something important would be revealed about why men and women in their various roles were having such a difficult time in America during the early 1970s."

"We had thousands of letters that said, 'I loved the series - I think.' It was painful for people," Gilbert says now.
The \$1.2-million, 12-hour series was gleaned from 300 hours of film.

"For one shining moment, there was a glimmer of what television could do as a way for us to see ourselves in a constructive way, Gilbert says. "It was one of the few times Americans could say, 'I am not alone.'

'Glimpse Into the Pit'

The columnist Shana Alexander called the show "a glimpse into the pit." America mag-azine called it "a painful and unnerving look at the American Dream turned nightmare."
The Louds had little quarrel with the show before air time. But when the criticism began, the family was hurt. They had become specimens in a laboratory of popular sociology and they lashed out at Gilbert. The media

ere quick to pick up their anger.
"We weren't ready for the shock of it being presented as a picture of a declining family," Bill says now. "We thought we were going to become the all-American, California family and we came out as the super-tragedy."

The family took a closer look at itself. "The critics said we didn't communicate with each other, and we didn't." Michele says. They said we didn't confront each other, and we still don't."

The Louds also discovered advantages. As Lance put it: "The series was the fufillment of the middle-class dream: you can become famous for being just what you are." Interviewers sought Pat and Bill's opinions on marriage and divorce. Pat wrote a book about the divorce, Lance, Grant and Kevin

formed a rock group.

Fame waned, however. The rock group disbanded. Mrs. Loud's book did not become best seller. Life went on.

Gilbert has talked little about the series since that first year. He is torn between his pride in "An American Family" and his desire to be known for something else, he says.

The problem is that the series was "aired amid such enormous controversy and media hype that the content and truth of the thing good or bad - got lost in the shuffle."

Everyone involved with the production of "An American Family" was touched by the trauma at the Loud household. The camerasound crew, Ala and Susan Raymond. stopped filming a particularly nasty argument between Bill and Pat, saying they simply couldn't shoot any more. Gilbert says. Raymond declines to discuss the series now; he and Gilbert are not on speaking terms.

One day before the Louds' breakup, Gilbert says, Bill "went out of his way to introduce his girlfriend to me. I didn't want him to think that I approved of what he was doing, which is what he wanted."

Considering the havoc it caused, why did the Louds ever agree to let Gilbert and his cameras into their lives? Ego, says Bill. "Here they were telling us we were rich, had a good-looking family and a nice home. And it was a fun time. When you've got a camera following you around, you get the

best seats in restaurants, front row seats at the theater." Watching himself on the series, he realized that "I was Simon Legree, I was having a kind of second childhood. I was a completely irresponsible person, but if you could see yourself as others see you, you probably wouldn't do half the things you do."

Loud says Pat is now "probably the best friend I have."

She lives in a New York cooperative that doubles as her office. She declined to talk about the series. "I just don't want any of that." But she added: "It is a good family and it always was a good family.

Aside from the divorce, the series is best remembered for Lance, the son whose homosexuality was never discussed on camera. Lance lives across from Michele in an apartment building south of New York's theater district. He, too, prefers to keep his

counsel: "I have views on the series, but I'm

through giving them away." Children Unmarried

None of the children has married. "I don't know if parents have an influence on that or not, but we did see a divorce," said Kevin. Homosexuality, divorce and extramarital affairs are more out in the open now. Would Americans be shocked by "An American Family" today?

Michele saw parts of the series again recently. "It was great — people were laughing and everything. What caused the problems in the first place was that it was so sensational. But there were great moments and I think they'd accept it a lot better now."

Keyin thinks the series still would shock

Kevin thinks the series still would shock some people. "It's just like when you hear your voice back on a tape recorder. You say, 'Do I really sound like that?' A lot of Americans saw the series and said, That looks like me, but it can't be.' People were just too used to seeing themselves depicted on television as

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PEOPLE: Waldheim to Be Projessor At Georgetown University

general of the United Nations, has been appointed a research professor of diplomacy at Georgetown University in Washington. Wald-

Georgetown School of Foreign Services' gram of international business diplomacy, which provides training in corporate op-"erations, lan-

Waldheim guages and business-government relations. He will conduct seminars, lecture periodically and help guide university programs in diplomacy, including the Institute for the Study of Diplomacy. A graduate of the University of Vienna as a doctor of jurisprudence, as well as of the Vienna Consular Academy, Waldheim joined the Austrian diplomatic corps in 1945.

David Axelrod, a great-grandson of Leon Trotsky, is working on a synagogue restoration project in Hebron, on the Israeli-occupied West Bank. "I am living here, I am proud to be here," he told a reporter of Tel Aviv's Ma'ariv newspaper who tracked him down. Axelrod, 21, whose mother was Trotsky's granddaughter, left Moscow three years ago for the United States with his parents, and came to Israel more than a year ago. He enrolled in a Jerusalem seminary, drawing closer to the Judaism at which his Jewish revolutionary ancestor scoffed. Now he is cutting marble in Hebron. "It was not hard to be absorbed in Israel," he said. "No one knew me. I was treated as any other new guy." Axelrod said he did not know his family origins until three years ago because his parents feared he would suffer at the hands of the authorities. Trotsky was exiled by Stalin in 1929, and in 1940 was murdered in Mexico by one of Stalin's agents. . . . The descendants of a Leningrad family last heard of before the Russian revolution can claim 532,000 Australian mining company shares valued at 1.4 million Australian dollars (about \$1.47 million). For more than 60 years the Brisbane-based MIM Holdings Co., one of Australia's top 10 companies, has sent off dividend checks to four shareholders from a family called Zottol. But the checks, sent to their last listed

Kurt Waldheim, who recently addresses in Leningrad, come back completed a decade as secretary marked addressee unknown and marked addressee unknown and trustee. The story of the missing Zottofs and their inheritance was reported in a Melbourne newspaheim will also be per and confirmed by a spokesman counselor to the at MIM. Australia's third biggess mining company. The Zottofs owned shares before the 1917 revolution in a company called Russo-Landegger Pro- Asiatic, formed in London and eventually absorbed by another British company called Mining Trust. This was taken over in 1949 by the Australian company Mount Isa Mines, which later changed its name to MIM Holdings.

The Beverly Hills, Calif., estate

of Sheikh Mohammed al-Fassi and his estranged wife — a major issue in their \$3-billion divorce suit has been sold to a Dutch corporation, a lawyer for the firm said Disclosure of the transaction came as Sheika Dena al-Fassi, 23, won permission from Los Angeles Superior Court Judge Robert Fainer to remain at least temporarily in a six-room guest house on the prop-erty. Richard Simon, attorney for the Dutch Spelikan Corp., told Fainer that his client bought the property from the 28-year-old Saudi Arabian sheikh in January and that the sheika had signed a quitclaim deed for her half of the jointly owned estate. But Maria Mitchelson, the sheika's attorney, said she was tricked into signing the quit-claim deed. Mitchelson said he would attempt to prevent the sheikh from disposing of any property until he begins paying the sheika \$75,000 a month in counordered support. Fainer said he will hear arguments on ownership and possession of the property April 23, but in the meantime the sheika and her parents can remain in the guest house. The 38-room main house - oace considered an eyesore because of its garishly painted nude statues - was severely damaged by a fire on Jan. 1, 1980, and has not been repaired. The sheika is seeking half her husband's estimated \$6-billion fortune and custody of their four children. In a companion suit, she is seeking to annul two subsequent marriages the sheikh contracted under Saudi

law. The rock star Alice Coo-per and his former companion, ac-tress-model Cindy Lang, have set-tled her \$2-million "palimony" suit out of court after five years of legal battles. The two, who lived together for nine years, would not reveal details of the settlement.

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